

January 6, 2020

Mr. Edward R. Tallon, Sr. South Carolina House of Representatives Post Office Box 11867 Columbia, South Carolina 29211

RE: Updated Law Change Recommendations

Dear Representative Tallon:

Please see attached updated recommendations for law changes. Please let me know if you have any questions. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Bryas P. Stilling

Bryan P. Stirling

Attachments

BPS/ndh

cc: The Honorable Wm. Weston J. Newton The Honorable Micajah P. "Micah" Caskey, IV The Honorable Gary E. Clary The Honorable Chandra E. Dillard The Honorable Joseph H. Jefferson, Jr. The Honorable Jeffrey E. "Jeff" Johnson

# **SCDC Law Change Recommendations**

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# Administration

DI	DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR ADMINISTRATION LAW CHANGE #1				
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and		Basis for	Approval and Others	
	Recommended Change	(s)	Recommendation	Impacted	
Procurement Board	Current Law		To update the	Department of	
Exemption 1986.04.22	Exempts advertising in	certain	exemption to be	Administration	
	mediums.		in accordance		
			with relevant		
	<b>Recommendation</b>		technological		
	Modify the exemption t	o include	advances.		
	modern advertising.				
Current Law Wording	Proposed Revisions to Law Wording		ding		
Procurement Board Exemp	tion 1986.04.22	Procureme	nt Board Exemptio	n 1986.04.22	
The Board exempted "Adver	tising time or space in	The Board e	xempted "Advertisir	ng time or space in newspapers,	
newspapers, on radio or telev	ision (Note: Consultants	on radio o	r television <u>ameno</u>	led to include the following	
obtained to handle adver	tising campaigns for	advertising	mediums: Internet,	Radio, Television, Newspapers,	
agencies such as PRT and Sta	State Development Board Magazines, Streaming Online, Digital Advertising, Social		<u>gital Advertising, Social Media,</u>		
are not exempted.)" from the	e "purchasing procedures and Billboards. (Note: Consultants obtained to hand		kempted.)" from the "purchasing procedures		sultants obtained to handle
of the Procurement Code."	advertising campaigns for agencies such as				
	Development Board are not exempted.)" from the "purchas				
		procedures	of the Procurement	Code."	

# <u>Reference</u>

DEPU	TY DIRECTOR FOR ADM	<b>IINISTRATION LAW CH</b>	ANGE #2	
Law	Summary of Current La Recommended Change(	w(s) and	Basis for Recommendation	Approval and Others Impacted
<b>SECTION 24-13-80.</b> Prisoners to pay for certain costs; definitions; criteria for deductions from inmates' accounts; reimbursement to inmates; recovery from estates of inmates.	Current LawAllows inmates to be required to pay for certain costs that accrue during incarceration.RecommendationModify to include a way for SCDC to recover restitution owed by an inmate once he or she is released.		SCDC would be able to recoup some of the money spent on inmate's medical care, photocopying, and damage of property.	N/A
Current Law Wording		Proposed Revisions to I	Law Wording	
<ul> <li>Current Law Wording</li> <li>SECTION 24-13-80. Prisoners to definitions; criteria for deduation accounts; reimbursement to intestates of inmates.</li> <li>(A) As used in this section: <ul> <li>(1) "Detention facility" means a mail local detention facility, or a state of for the detention of persons charge a felony, misdemeanor, municipation a court order.</li> <li>(2) "Inmate" means a person detention facility by reason of convicted of a felony, a misdemean or violation of a court order.</li> <li>(3) "Medical treatment" means eatinmate to an institutional physicial including a physician's assistant dentist, optometrist, or psychiatt treatment.</li> <li>(4) "Administrator" means the coadministrator, or the chief admicounty or municipality.</li> <li>(5) "Director" means the agency for Corrections.</li> <li>(B) The administrator or diappropriate, may establish, by reasonable deduction from money of an inmate to: <ul> <li>(1) repay the costs of:</li> <li>(a) public property wilfully damaged</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	ctions from inmates' mates; recovery from unicipal or county jail, a orrectional facility used ged with or convicted of l offense, or violation of who is detained in a being charged with or nor, a municipal offense, ach visit initiated by the an, physician's extender or a nurse practitioner, rist for examination or unty administrator, city inistrative officer of a head of the Department irector, whichever is rules, criteria for a v credited to the account	<ul> <li>ran inmate once he or she is</li> <li>Proposed Revisions to Law Wording</li> <li>sts;</li> <li>SECTION 24-13-80. Prisoners to pay for certain definitions; criteria for deductions from inmates' acc reimbursement to inmates; recovery from estat inmates. <ul> <li>(A) As used in this section:</li> <li>(1) "Detention facility" means a municipal or county local detention facility, or a state correctional facility for the detention of persons charged with or convicte felony, misdemeanor, municipal offense, or violatio court order.</li> <li>(a) (2) "Inmate" means a person who is detained in a determinent facility by reason of being charged with or convicte felony, a misdemeanor, a municipal offense, or violatio court order.</li> <li>(b) "Medical treatment" means each visit initiated limmate to an institutional physician, physician's extinction or dentist, optometrist, or psychiatrist for examinati treatment.</li> <li>(4) "Administrator" means the county administrato administrator, or the chief administrative officer of a cor municipality.</li> <li>(5) "Director" means the agency head of the Departm Corrections.</li> <li>(B) The administrator or director, whichever is appropriate and setablish, by rules, criteria for a reasonable ded</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		' accounts; estates of unty jail, a acility used wicted of a lation of a a detention victed of a olation of a ted by the s extender ractitioner, ination or trator, city of a county artment of opropriate, deduction
<ul> <li>inmate during his incarceration;</li> <li>(b) medical treatment for injuries inflicted by the inmate upon himself or others;</li> <li>(c) searching for and apprehending the inmate when he escapes or attempts to escape. The costs must be limited to those extraordinary costs incurred as a consequence of the escape; or</li> <li>(d) quelling a riot or other disturbance in which the inmate is unlawfully involved;</li> <li>(2) defray the costs paid by a municipality or county for medical services for an inmate, which have been</li> </ul>		upon himself or others; (c) searching for and escapes or attempts to those extraordinary cos escape; or (d) quelling a riot or ot is unlawfully involved; (2) defray the costs pa medical services for an	for injuries inflicted by apprehending the inmate escape. The costs must be sts incurred as a conseque her disturbance in which aid by a municipality or inmate, which have been eduction does not exceed	e when he e limited to ence of the the inmate county for requested

requested by the inmate, if the deduction does not exceed	for each occurrence of treatment received by the inmate. If
five dollars for each occurrence of treatment received by	the balance in an inmate's account is less than ten dollars,
the inmate. If the balance in an inmate's account is less	the fee must not be charged. However, a deficiency balance
than ten dollars, the fee must not be charged. However, a	must be carried forward and, upon a deposit or credit being
deficiency balance must be carried forward and, upon a	made to the inmate's account, any outstanding balance may
deposit or credit being made to the inmate's account, any	be deducted from the account. This deficiency balance may
outstanding balance may be deducted from the account.	be carried forward after release of the inmate and may be
This deficiency balance may be carried forward after	applied to the inmate's account in the event of subsequent
release of the inmate and may be applied to the inmate's	arrests and incarcerations. This item does not apply to
account in the event of subsequent arrests and	medical costs incurred as a result of injuries sustained by an
incarcerations. This item does not apply to medical costs	inmate or other medically necessary treatment for which
incurred as a result of injuries sustained by an inmate or	that inmate is determined not to be responsible.
other medically necessary treatment for which that	(C) All sums collected for medical treatment must be
inmate is determined not to be responsible.	reimbursed to the inmate, upon the inmate's request, if the
(C) All sums collected for medical treatment must be	inmate is acquitted or otherwise exonerated of all charges
reimbursed to the inmate, upon the inmate's request, if	for which the inmate was being held.
the inmate is acquitted or otherwise exonerated of all	(D) The detention facility may initiate an action for collection
charges for which the inmate was being held.	of recovery of medical costs incurred pursuant to this
(D) The detention facility may initiate an action for	section against an inmate upon his release or his estate if the
collection of recovery of medical costs incurred pursuant	inmate was executed or died while in the custody of the
to this section against an inmate upon his release or his	detention facility.
estate if the inmate was executed or died while in the	(E) The Department of Corrections may initiate an action for
custody of the detention facility.	collection of recovery of all restitution incurred by an inmate
	during his or her imprisonment within the Department.

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR ADMINISTRATION LAW CHANGE #3				
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and		Basis for	Approval and Others
	Recommended Change	(s)	Recommendation	Impacted
Н. 4676	<u>Current Law</u>		This increase will	State agencies.
	Caps the earnings for re	etirees at	be more	
Н. 3620	\$10,000.		appealing for	
			retired	
	<b>Recommendation</b>		employees to re-	
	Modify to remove cap.		enter the state	
			job workforce.	
Current Law Wording		Proposed Re	evisions to Law Wor	ding
	Concept Re		commendation:	
		Modify the current bills so that there is not a cap on what a		
	retire-rehire		e can earn without af	ffecting their retirement.

# Health Services

	DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR HEALTH SERVICES LAW CHANGE #1					
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and	Basis for	Approval and Others			
	Recommended Change(s)	Recommendation	Impacted			
65.7 (2019-2020	<u>Current Law</u>	SCDC does not receive	Social Security			
Appropriations Bill	Indicates that SCDC receives funds	funds for doing this. It	Administration			
H. 4950)	from Social Security.	is a cost avoidance				
		measure whereby the				
	<u>Recommendation</u>	SCDC Medicaid				
	Modify the proviso.	program pays for				
		inpatient care rather				
		than SCDC.				
Current Law Wording		Proposed Revisions to La	aw Wording			
	curity Administration Funding) All		recommendation for specific			
5	e South Carolina Department of	8	ek to clarify that SCDC directs			
	ocial Security Administration under	the provider to bill Medi	caid.			
	of the Social Security Act, which					
1 1 1	information regarding incarcerated					
5	e recipients, shall be retained by the					
-	ent of Corrections and credited to a					
	cial Security for the care and custody					
of inmates housed in the	state correctional facilities.					

## **Reference**

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR HEALTH SERVICES LAW CHANGE #2					
Law	Summary of Current Law(s)	Basis for	Approval and Others		
	and Recommended Change(s)	Recommendation	Impacted		
SECTION 24-13-1910.	<u>Current Law</u>	This statute has not	DADOAS and DMH		
Centers for alcohol and	Requires the centers have	been funded, so the			
drug rehabilitation	been operational since 1997.	centers have not been			
established; construction		built.			
and operation of, and	<u>Recommendation</u>				
responsibility for centers.	Modify or repeal the statute.				
Current Law Wording		Proposed Revisions to L	aw Wording		
	enters for alcohol and drug		ecommendation for specific		
	nstruction and operation of, and	wording. If funded, the o	leadline should be changed.		
responsibility for centers.					
	ore centers for alcohol and drug				
rehabilitation under the jurisdiction of the Department of					
	rehabilitate alcohol and drug				
	f Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse				
	ponsibility for the addictions				
	ers, and the Department of				
	ponsibility for the maintenance				
	and security of the offenders. The Department of Corrections				
may construct one or more centers upon the necessary					
appropriation of funds by the General Assembly. The centers					
	s authorized by this section shall				
-	ndred fifty beds. The centers				
	on must be fully operational by				
January 1, 1997.					

# Legal and Compliance

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR LEGAL AND COMPLIANCE LAW CHANGE #1				
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and		Basis for	Approval and
	Change(s)		Recommendation	Others Impacted
<b>SECTION 24-27-</b>	<u>Current Law</u>		This section may not de-	Court system.
200.	Allows credits to be forfeited if c	ourt determines	incentivize this behavior	
Forfeiture of	that an inmate has abused the co	ourt system.	for frequent filers. The	
work, education,			possibility of an inmate	
or good conduct	Recommendation		losing the ability to file	
credits.	Modify the statute to allow for ba	arring of future	other lawsuits is a much	
	frivolous filings.		stronger motivator.	
Current Law Word	ing	Proposed Revisio	ons to Law Wording	
SECTION 24-27	-200. Forfeiture of work,		ARTICLE 2	
	conduct credits. A prisoner shall	<u>Legal Filings b</u>	<u>y Prisoners and </u> Loss of Earne	d Release Credits
	f his earned work, education, or			
0	ts in an amount to be determined		-200. Forfeiture of work, e	
	ment of Corrections upon	conduct credits. A prisoner shall forfeit all or part of his earned		
	of the court if the court finds that		, or good conduct credits in	
	one any of the following in a case		the Department of (	
	incarceration or apprehension		of the court if the court find	-
	tate or federal court or in an		of the following in a case	
	ceeding while incarcerated:		apprehension filed by him	
	licious or frivolous claim, or one			
	solely to harass the party filed		o state a claim upon which re	
against;	y or otherwise presented false		relief from a defendant the	
evidence or inform			to be immune from such re	
(3) unreasonably			o harass the party filed again	
proceeding; or	expanded of delayed a		ely or otherwise presented	
(4) abused the disc	overy process	information to th		
51		· ·		
			ake such findings on its own	motion, on motion
authorized to appear in the proceeding, if he elects, of counsel for the defendant, or on motion				
in order to move for the findings in a case in which General, who is authorized to appear in the proceeding,		5		
	public entity or official is a			
defendant.			ic entity or official is a defend	

## **<u>Reference</u>**

DEPUT	<b>FY DIRECTOR FOR LEGAL AND COMP</b>	PLIANCE LAW CREA	TION #2	
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and	Basis for	Approval and Others	
	Recommended Change(s)	Recommendation	Impacted	
SECTION 24-27-230.	<u>Current Law</u>	To avoid	Court system.	
Limitations on Proceeding	None	additional	-	
without Payment of Fees.		frivolous		
	<u>Recommendation</u>	lawsuits.		
SECTION 24-27-240.	Create new law.			
Administrative Remedies				
Exhaustion Requirement.				
Current Law Wording	Proposed Revisions to Law Wording			
No current law.	SECTION 24-27-230. Limitations on	Proceeding without	Payment of Fees.	
	(1) In no event shall any Court of th	<u>iis state allow a pris</u>	oner to bring a civil action or	
	appeal a judgment in a civil action	or proceeding witho	out full prepayment of fees or	
	security therefor, where the priso			
	incarcerated or detained in any facil			
	state that was dismissed pursuant to	24-27-200, unless t	<u>he prisoner is under imminent</u>	
	danger of serious physical injury.			
	(2) Where a prisoner has had an ac			
	pursuant to 24-27-200 on at least 3 prior occasions but is in imminent danger of serious			
	physical injury, the prisoner must file, at the time they initiate their action, an affidavit			
	detailing the circumstances which place them in imminent danger of serious physical			
	injury and any other supporting documentation available. After reviewing this affidavit			
	and other supporting documentation, the court must issue an order affirming that the			
	action or appeal filed falls within this exception before the prisoner can be allowed to			
	proceed without full prepayment of fees or security therefor.			
	(3) While it is preferable, Orders dismissing a case pursuant to 24-27-200 need not			
	expressly state that they are being di	-	0 0	
	makes clear that the case was one		-	
	sufficient for that dismissal to constitute a dismissal pursuant to that section.			
	SECTION 24-27-240. Administrative Remedies Exhaustion Requirement.			
	A prisoner must exhaust all available administrative remedies prior to bringing an			
	action in any court of this state where a prisoner's claim			
	(a) is regarding conditions in a jail, prison, or other place where they are			
	incarcerated or are being held in custody prior to trial or sentencing and			
	(b) cannot be reviewed by the Administrative Law Court pursuant to the			
	Administrative Procedures Act.			
	Failure to do so will be grounds for dismissal of the action. The court may dismiss an			
	action on this basis on its own motion	<u>n or on the motion o</u>	<u>t any party.</u>	

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR LEGAL AND COMPLIANCE LAW CHANGE #3				
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and		Basis for Recommendation	Approval
	Recom	nended Change(s)		and Others
				Impacted
SECTION 30-4-30.	<u>Current</u>		This would free up agency	State
Right to inspect or copy public	-		employees to spend more	agencies.
records; fees; notification as to public			time responding to the	
availability of records; presumption	<b>D</b>		FOIA requests for which	
upon failure to give notice; records to		<u>nendation</u>	the law was designed.	
be available when requestor appears	-	statute so that a public n seek clarification on		
in person.	5	broad or burdensome		
SECTION 30-4-110.	-	s and receive additional		
Hearings regarding disclosure;	-	respond to said requests.		
appropriate relief; civil fine for	time to			
violation.				
Current Law Wording	1	Proposed Revisions to Law	Wording	
SECTION 30-4-30(C). Each public bod	y, upon	· ·	h public body, upon written	request for
written request for records made un	<b>v</b> · <b>1</b>		chapter, shall within ten day	-
chapter, shall within ten days (ex		Saturdays, Sundays, and le	gal public holidays) of the r	eceipt of the
Saturdays, Sundays, and legal public h			naking the request of its deter	
of the receipt of the request, notify the	-	· •	l, however, that if the record	
making the request of its determinat			he date the request is made, th	
the reasons for it; provided, however, th			ng Saturdays, Sundays, and	
record is more than twenty-four month			make this notification. This d	
the date the request is made, the pub			pinion of the public body as	-
has twenty days (excepting Sat		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	public record, however, the d	
Sundays, and legal public holidays) receipt to make this notification			final decision or express an of the documents or information of the documents of	
determination must constitute th			ing to exemptions provided for	
opinion of the public body as to the			ederal laws. If the request is	
availability of the requested public	-		r made available for inspectio	•
however, the determination is not requ			ar days from the date on wh	
include a final decision or express an	opinion		d, unless the records are more	
as to whether specific portions	of the	four months old, in which ca	ase the public body has no late	r than thirty-
documents or information may be su	bject to	five calendar days from the	date on which the final determ	nination was
redaction according to exemptions p			ovided in subsection (B) is rec	
for by Section 30-4-40 or other state or			nust be furnished or made	
laws. If the request is granted, the reco			ter than thirty calendar days f	
be furnished or made available for ins	-	-	ceived, unless the records ar	
or copying no later than thirty calend	-		which case the public body has	
from the date on which the final determ was provided, unless the records ar				-
than twenty-four months old, in which		-	uction of the request. If written	
public body has no later than the			e public body as to the availa	
calendar days from the date on which the	-		neither mailed, electronically	-
determination was provided. If a de			the person requesting the doci	
provided in subsection (B) is required			section, the request must be	
public body, the record must be furni	-	-	records or information. Exem	
made available for inspection or cop			ection 30-4-40 or by other sta	
later than thirty calendar days from the			public body's failure to respon	
which the deposit is received, unl			various response, determi	
records are more than twenty-four mor			vided by this subsection ar	
in which case the public body has no la		-	al agreement of the public b	-
thirty-five calendar days from the o	late on	requesting party at issue	e <u>., and t</u> his agreement s	mail not be

which the deposit was received to fulfill the request. The full amount of the total cost must be paid at the time of the production of the request. If written notification of the determination of the public body as to the availability of the requested public record is neither mailed, electronically transmitted, nor personally delivered to the person requesting the document within the time set forth by this section, the request must be considered approved as to nonexempt records or information. Exemptions from disclosure as set forth in Section 30-4-40 or by other state or federal laws are not waived by the public body's failure to respond as set forth in this subsection. The various response, determination, and production deadlines provided by this subsection are subject to extension by written mutual agreement of the public body and the requesting party at issue, and this agreement shall not be unreasonably withheld.

**SECTION 30-4-110.** Hearings regarding disclosure; appropriate relief; civil fine for violation.

(A) A public body may file a request for hearing with the circuit court to seek relief from unduly burdensome, overly broad, vague, repetitive, or otherwise improper requests, or where it has received a request, but it is unable to make a good faith determination as to whether the information is exempt from disclosure.

(B) If a request for disclosure may result in the release of records or information exempt from disclosure under Section 30-4-40(a)(1), (2), (4), (5), (9), (14), (15), or (19), a person or entity with a specific interest in the underlying records or information shall have the right to request a hearing with the court or to intervene in an action previously filed.

(C) If a person or entity seeking relief under this section prevails, the court may order:

- (1) equitable relief as he considers appropriate;
- (2) actual or compensatory damages; or

(3) reasonable attorney's fees and other costs of litigation specific to the request, unless there is a finding of good faith. The finding of good faith is a bar to the award of attorney's fees and costs.

(D) If a court determines that records are not subject to disclosure, the determination constitutes a finding of good faith on the part of the public body or public official, and acts as a

unreasonably withheld. <u>Additionally, where a public body believes a</u> request to be burdensome, overly broad, vague, repetitive, or otherwise improper, the public body may make a good faith request that the requesting party clarify, narrow, or otherwise modify their request such that the public body can reasonably respond. Requesting parties shall not unreasonably refuse to make such modifications. When a public body makes a request for modification or clarification under this section, the request will, for the purpose of calculating response, determination, and production deadlines, be considered received by the public body on the date on which the public body receives clarification or modification such that the request becomes one to which the public body can reasonably respond.

**SECTION 30-4-110.** Hearings regarding disclosure; appropriate relief; civil fine for violation.

(A) A public body may file a request for hearing with the circuit court to seek relief from unduly burdensome, overly broad, vague, repetitive, or otherwise improper requests, or where it has received a request, but it is unable to make a good faith determination as to whether the information is exempt from disclosure. A public body may, as a defense to an action filed against it pursuant to SC Code § 30-4-100, assert that the request in question is unduly burdensome, overly broad, vague, repetitive, otherwise improper, or of a nature which renders the public body unable to make a good faith determination as to whether the information is exempt from disclosure.

(B) If a request for disclosure may result in the release of records or information exempt from disclosure under Section 30-4-40(a)(1), (2), (4), (5), (9), (14), (15), or (19), a person or entity with a specific interest in the underlying records or information shall have the right to request a hearing with the court or to intervene in an action previously filed.

- (C) If a person or entity<u>, including a public body</u>, seeking relief under this section prevails, the court may order:
  - (1) equitable relief as he considers appropriate;
  - (2) actual or compensatory damages; or
  - (3) reasonable attorney's fees and other costs of litigation specific to the request, unless there is a finding of good faith. The finding

of good faith is a bar to the award of attorney's fees and costs.

(D) If a court determines that records are not subject to disclosure, the determination constitutes a finding of good faith on the part of the public body or public official, and acts as a complete bar against the award of attorney's fees or other costs to the prevailing party should the court's determination be reversed on appeal.

(E) If the person or entity<u>, including a public body</u>, prevails in part, he may be awarded reasonable attorney's fees or other costs of litigation specific to the request, or an appropriate portion thereof, unless otherwise barred.

(F) If the court finds that the public body has arbitrarily and capriciously violated the provisions of this chapter by refusal or delay in disclosing or providing copies of a public record, it may, in addition to actual or compensatory damages or equitable relief, impose a civil fine of five hundred dollars.

(G) If the court finds that the person or entity who made the request did any of the following, it may, in addition to actual or

complete bar against the award of attorney's	compensatory damages or equitable relief, impose a civil fine of
fees or other costs to the prevailing party	<u>five hundred dollars:</u>
should the court's determination be reversed	(1) submitted a request which they knew or should have
on appeal.	<u>known was unduly burdensome, overly broad, vague,</u>
(E) If the person or entity prevails in part, he	repetitive, otherwise improper, or of a nature which
may be awarded reasonable attorney's fees or	renders the public body unable to make a good faith
other costs of litigation specific to the request,	determination as to whether the information is exempt
or an appropriate portion thereof, unless	<u>from disclosure:</u>
otherwise barred.	(2) unreasonably refused to narrow or otherwise modify a
(F) If the court finds that the public body has	request after being asked to do so by the public body
arbitrarily and capriciously violated the	<u>pursuant to SC Code § 30-4-30(D);</u>
provisions of this chapter by refusal or delay in	(3) unreasonably refused to extend the response, determination, and
disclosing or providing copies of a public	production deadlines after being asked to do so by the public body
record, it may, in addition to actual or	<u>pursuant to SC Code § 30-4-30(D).</u>
compensatory damages or equitable relief,	
impose a civil fine of five hundred dollars.	

DEPU	TY DIRECTOR FOR LEGAL AND C	<b>OMPLIANCE LAW CHA</b>	ANGE #4
Law	Summary of Current Law(s)	Basis for	Approval and Others Impacted
	and Recommended Change(s)	Recommendation	
SECTION 24-3-530.	<u>Current Law</u> :	To ensure	N/A
Death by electrocution or	An inmate sentenced to death	executions can be	
lethal injection	indicates if he or she chooses	carried out	
	electrocution or lethal injection	regardless of the	
	as their manner of execution.	availability of lethal injection drugs.	
	<u>Recommendation</u>		
	Under current law SCDC is		
	unable to carry out execution		
	due to the inability to obtain		
	lethal injection drugs.		Y YAY 1.
Current Law Wording		Proposed Revisions to	
	v electrocution or lethal injection.	SCDC does not have a position on the wording of the	
	apital crime and having imposed	statute. However, SCDC does support modifying the	
-	eath shall suffer the penalty by	statute to ensure that legally ordered executions are carried out in accordance with the law.	
	on of the person, lethal injection Director of the Department of		ance with the law.
	death by electrocution or lethal		
	vriting fourteen days before the		
	. If the person waives the right of		
	nust be administered by lethal		
injection.	5		
(B) A person convicted of a cap	bital crime and sentenced to death		
by electrocution prior to the e	effective date of this section must		
be administered death by electrocution unless the person elects			
death by lethal injection in writing fourteen days before the			
execution date.			
(C) If execution by lethal injection under this section is held to			
be unconstitutional by an appellate court of competent			
	of inflicting a death sentence must		
be by electrocution.			

- Not cited in an SCDC letter
- <u>Attorney General response to Subcommittee (July 12, 2019)</u>, Question #1

DEPUTY D	<b>IRECTOR FOR LEGAL</b> A	ND COMPLIANC	E LAW CHANGE #5	
Law	Summary of Current L		Basis for	Approval and
	Recommended Change	e(s)	Recommendation	Others Impacted
SECTION 40-71-10.	Current Law		To provide protection	N/A
Members of certain professional	Does not include SCDC in the statutes.		for SCDC committees.	
committees exempt from tort				
liability.	Recommendation			
SECTION 40-71-20.	Modify to include SCD exemptions.	L in the		
Confidentiality of certain	exemptions.			
proceedings, records and				
information; reporting accidents				
and incidents				
Current Law Wording		Proposed Revis	ions to Law Wording	
SECTION 40-71-10. Members of	f certain professional	SECTION 40-7	<b>'1-10.</b> Members of cer	tain professional
committees exempt from tort liabi	lity.	committees exe	mpt from tort liability	
(A) "Professional society" as used			al society" as used in this	-
legal, medical, osteopathic, opt	· •	0	osteopathic, optomet	-
psychological, dental, accountin			dental, accounting, ph	
engineering organizations having		0 0 0	ganizations having as m	
majority of the eligible licentiates the particular society and any fou	-		eligible licentiates in the a ety and any foundatio	
members of these societies. It al	-	-	iese societies. It also in	-
Carolina Law Enforcement A				
(B) There is no monetary liability		Carolina Law Enforcement Accreditation Council. (B) There is no monetary liability on the part of, and no		
cause of action for damages arisin	-	cause of action for damages arising against, a member of an		
an appointed committee which i		appointed committee which is formed to maintain		
professional standards of a state	e or local professional	professional st	andards of a state or 1	local professional
society as defined in this sec		-	ed in this section or a con	
appointed by the Department o			ment of Mental Health,	
committee appointed by the Dep		11 0	e Department of Health a	
Environmental Control to review health records in order to study t			ommittee appointed by t	
disease for any act or proce		-	<u>Corrections</u> to review pa in order to study the ca	
performed within the scope of	0		act or proceeding underta	
committee if the committee memb		-	be of the functions of the	-
has made a reasonable effort to o		-	mber acts without mal	
to the matter under consideration	9		rt to obtain the facts rela	
that the action taken by him is w	varranted by the facts	under consider	ation, and acts in the bel	ief that the action
known to him.		-	warranted by the facts kr	
(C) No person acting pursuant to			acting pursuant to subse	
subject to any monetary liability			monetary liability or ca	
damages for any action for restrait		-	y action for restraint of	
the South Carolina Unfair Trade action predicated upon unfair			olina Unfair Trade Practi ed upon unfair or illegal c	
unless such person acted with mal		such person act		ompendon amess
(D) The provisions of this section of		-	ons of this section do not	t affect the official
immunity of an officer or er			officer or employee of a p	
corporation.	1	-	<b>I-20.</b> Confidentiality of ce	-
SECTION 40-71-20. Confide	ntiality of certain	records and info	ormation; reporting accide	ents and incidents.
	formation; reporting		ngs of and all data and info	
accidents and incidents.			tee referred to in Section	
(A) All proceedings of and all			uties are confidential unle	-
acquired by the committee referre			requests in writing th	-
10 in the exercise of its duties ar	e confidential unless a	public. These pr	oceedings and documents	s are not subject to

respondent in the proceeding requests in writing that they be made public. These proceedings and documents are not subject to discovery, subpoena, or introduction into evidence in any civil action except upon appeal from the committee action. Information, documents, or records which are otherwise available from original sources are not immune from discovery or use in a civil action merely because they were presented during the committee proceedings, nor shall any complainant or witness before the committee be prevented from testifying in a civil action as to matters of which he has knowledge apart from the committee proceedings or revealing such matters to third persons.

(B) Confidentiality provisions do not prevent committees appointed by the Department of Health and Environmental Control from issuing reports containing solely nonidentifying data and information.

(C) Nothing in this section affects the duty of a facility or activity licensed by the Department of Health and Environmental Control to report accidents or incidents pursuant to the department's regulations. Provided, however, anything reported pursuant to the department's regulations shall not be considered to waive any privilege or confidentiality provided in subsection (A).

**Reference** 

• Not cited in an SCDC letter

discovery, subpoena, or introduction into evidence in any civil action except upon appeal from the committee action. Information, documents, or records which are otherwise available from original sources are not immune from discovery or use in a civil action merely because they were presented during the committee proceedings, nor shall any complainant or witness before the committee be prevented from testifying in a civil action as to matters of which he has knowledge apart from the committee proceedings or revealing such matters to third persons.

(B) Confidentiality provisions do not prevent committees appointed by the Department of Health and Environmental Control <u>or the South Carolina Department of Corrections</u> from issuing reports containing solely nonidentifying data and information.

(C) Nothing in this section affects the duty of a facility or activity licensed by the Department of Health and Environmental Control to report accidents or incidents pursuant to the department's regulations. Provided, however, anything reported pursuant to the department's regulations shall not be considered to waive any privilege or confidentiality provided in subsection (A).

# Operations

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR OPERATIONS LAW CHANGE #1						
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and	Basis for	Approval and Others			
	Recommended Change(s)	Recommendation	Impacted			
SECTION 24-3-20. Custody of convicted persons; designation of place of confinement; participation in work release and training program; litter removal;	<u>Current Law</u> Requires inmates sentenced to more than three months incarceration to be sent to SCDC. <u>Recommendation</u> Modify to require inmates	Reduce SCDC's population and increase the staff to inmate ratio, which will increase safety.	Association of Counties			
establishment and	sentenced to 365 days or more to					
administration of	be sent to SCDC.					
restitution program.						
Current Law Wording	Current Law Wording Proposed Revisions to Law Wording					

**SECTION 24-3-20.** Custody of convicted persons; designation of place of confinement; participation in work release and training program; litter removal; establishment and administration of restitution program.

(A) A person convicted of an offense against this State and sentenced to imprisonment for more than three months is in the custody of the South Carolina Department of Corrections, and the department shall designate the place of confinement where the sentence must be served. Nothing in this section prevents a court from ordering a sentence to run concurrently with a sentence being served in another state or an active federal sentence. The department may designate as a place of confinement any available, suitable, and appropriate institution or facility, including a regional, county, or municipal jail or prison camp, whether maintained by the department or by some other entity. If the facility is not maintained by the department, the consent of the sheriff of the county or municipal chief administrative officer, or the equivalent, where the facility is located must first be obtained. However, a prisoner who escapes or attempts to escape while assigned to medium, close, or maximum custody may not serve his sentence for the original conviction or an additional sentence for the escape or attempted escape in a minimum security facility for at least five years after the escape or attempted escape and one year before his projected release date.

**SECTION 24-3-20.** Custody of convicted persons; designation of place of confinement; participation in work release and training program; litter removal; establishment and administration of restitution program.

(A) A person convicted of an offense against this State and sentenced to imprisonment for 365 days or more than three months is in the custody of the South Carolina Department of Corrections, and the department shall designate the place of confinement where the sentence must be served. Nothing in this section prevents a court from ordering a sentence to run concurrently with a sentence being served in another state or an active federal sentence. The department may designate as a place of confinement any available, suitable, and appropriate institution or facility, including a regional, county, or municipal jail or prison camp, whether maintained by the department or by some other entity. If the facility is not maintained by the department, the consent of the sheriff of the county or municipal chief administrative officer, or the equivalent, where the facility is located must first be obtained. However, a prisoner who escapes or attempts to escape while assigned to medium, close, or maximum custody may not serve his sentence for the original conviction or an additional sentence for the escape or attempted escape in a minimum-security facility for at least five years after the escape or attempted escape and one year before his projected release date.

#### **Reference**

- <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (April 29, 2019)</u>, Question #42
- SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (April 29, 2019), Question #44
- <u>SCDC response to Subcommittee (October 29, 2019)</u>, Question #36

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR OPERATIONS LAW CHANGE #2					
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and		Basis for	Approval and Others	
	Recommended Change(s)		Recommendation	Impacted	
SECTION 24-3-60.	<u>Current Law</u>		Counties already	Association of Counties	
Notice to Department of	Requires SCDC to pick up no	ewly	bring newly		
Corrections of number of	sentenced inmates from the	e county.	sentenced		
prisoners sentenced to state			inmates to SCDC.		
prison system.	<b>Recommendation</b>				
	Modify to require the count				
	bring newly sentenced inmates to				
	SCDC, as that is the common				
	procedure.				
Current Law Wording		Proposed	l Revisions to Law W	/ording	
SECTION 24-3-60. Notice to	-	<b>SECTION 24-3-60.</b> Notice to Department of Corrections of			
of number of prisoners senter				ed to state prison system.	
The county clerks of court, up			•	upon the adjournment of the	
court of general session, in	-		0	in their respective counties,	
immediately shall notify the D	-			Department of Corrections of	
the number of prisoners s	-		-	sentenced by the court to	
imprisonment in the sta				son system. <del>The department, as</del>	
department, as soon as it rece				e, shall send a suitable number	
a suitable number of employe	es to transfer the prisoners	-	of employees to transfer the prisoners to the state prison		
to the state prison system.		-	stem. Thereafter, the county shall transport those same		
		prisoners	<u>s to the Department</u>	<u>of Corrections.</u>	

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR OPERATIONS LAW REPEAL #3					
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and	Basis for	Approval and Others		
	Recommended Change(s)	Recommendation	Impacted		
SECTION 24-3-130.	<u>Current Law</u>	SCDC does not	DOT		
Use of inmate labor on State	Allows inmates to construct work	utilize inmates			
highways or other public	camps and build on county	for constructing			
projects.	property.	work camps or			
		building on			
SECTION 24-3-131.	<u>Recommendation</u>	county property.			
Supervision of inmates used	Repeal Sections 24-3-13(c) and 24-				
on public projects.	3-131 because SCDC does not				
	utilize inmates for constructing				
	work camps or building on county				
	property.				
Current Law Wording Proposed Revisions to Law Wording					

**SECTION 24-3-130.** Use of inmate labor on State highways or other public projects.

(A) The Department of Corrections may permit the use of inmate labor on state highway projects or other public projects that may be practical and consistent with safeguarding of the inmates employed on the projects and the public. The Department of Transportation, another state agency, or a county, municipality, or public service district making a beneficial public improvement may apply to the department for the use of inmate labor on the highway project or other public improvement or development project. If the director determines that the labor may be performed with safety and the project is beneficial to the public, he may assign inmates to labor on the highway project or other public purpose project. The inmate labor force must be supervised and controlled by officers designated by the department but the direction of the work performed on the highway or other public improvement project must be under the control and supervision of the person designated by the agency, county, municipality, or public service district responsible for the work. No person convicted of criminal sexual conduct in the first, second, or third degree or a person who commits a violent crime while on a work release program may be assigned to perform labor on a project described by this section.

(B) The authorities involved may enter into contracts to implement the provisions of this section.

(C) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, inmates constructing work camps on county property must be supervised and controlled by armed officers and must be drawn exclusively from minimum security facilities. A work camp constructed or operated by the Department of Corrections must house only offenders classified as nonviolent. The contracting officials for the county utilizing prison inmate labor must be provided by the Department of Corrections with the most recent information concerning the composition of all work crews including the respective offenses for which the inmates have been sentenced and their custody levels. **SECTION 24-3-130.** Use of inmate labor on State highways or other public projects.

(A) The Department of Corrections may permit the use of inmate labor on state highway projects or other public projects that may be practical and consistent with safeguarding of the inmates employed on the projects and the public. The Department of Transportation, another state agency, or a county, municipality, or public service district making a beneficial public improvement may apply to the department for the use of inmate labor on the highway project or other public improvement or development project. If the director determines that the labor may be performed with safety and the project is beneficial to the public, he may assign inmates to labor on the highway project or other public purpose project. The inmate labor force must be supervised and controlled by officers designated by the department but the direction of the work performed on the highway or other public improvement project must be under the control and supervision of the person designated by the agency, county, municipality, or public service district responsible for the work. No person convicted of criminal sexual conduct in the first, second, or third degree or a person who commits a violent crime while on a work release program may be assigned to perform labor on a project described by this section.

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<b>SECTION 24-3-131.</b> Supervision of inmates used on public	
projects.	SECTION 24-3-131. Supervision of inmates used on public
The Department of Corrections shall determine whether an	projects.
agency permitted to utilize inmate labor on public projects	Repeal statute.
pursuant to Section 24-3-130 can adequately supervise the	
inmates. If the director determines that the agency lacks the	
proper personnel, the agency shall be required to	
reimburse the department for the cost of maintaining	
correctional officers to supervise the inmates. In these cases	
the Department of Corrections shall be responsible for	
adequate supervision of the inmates.	

- Section 24-3-131: Not cited in letter.
- <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (May 24, 2019)</u>, Question #46
- <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (April 29, 2019)</u>, Question #42

DEPUTY D	DIRECTOR FOR OPER	ATIONS L	AW REPEAL #4	
Law	Summary of Current and Recommended	Law(s)	Basis for Recommendation	Approval and Others
SECTION 24-3-720. Enlisting aid of citizens to suppress prisoner riot, disorder or insurrection.	Change(s) Current Law Allows SCDC to utiliz civilians in the suppr of riots		SCDC does not utilize civilians to assist during emergencies	Impacted N/A.
SECTION 24-3-730. Neglecting or refusing aid; fine. SECTION 24-3-740.	<u>Recommendation</u> Repeal Sections 24-3 through 24-3-750 be			
Compensation for assistance. SECTION 24-3-750.	SCDC does not utilize civilians to assist dur emergencies	è		
Immunity. SECTION 24-3-760.				
Powers of keeper in regard to disorders in absence of Director. Current Law Wording		Proposed	Revisions to Law Wording	
<ul> <li>SECTION 24-3-720. Enlisting aid of oprisoner riot, disorder or insurrection. In order to suppress any disorders, riamong the prisoners, the Director of Corrections may require the aid and associtizens of the State.</li> <li>SECTION 24-3-730. Neglecting or refus If any person, when so required by Department of Corrections, shall negle such aid and assistance, he shall pay a fir dollars.</li> <li>SECTION 24-3-740. Compensation for a second s</li></ul>	iots, or insurrection the Department of sistance of any of the ing aid; fine. the Director of the ect or refuse to give he not exceeding fifty	<u>Repeal st</u>	0	
Any person so aiding and assisting Department of Corrections shall re- compensation, to be paid by the depar- him on the settlement of his account.	the Director of the ceive a reasonable			
<b>SECTION 24-3-750.</b> Immunity. If, in suppressing a disorder, riot, or in who is acting, aiding, or assisting in conwounded or killed, the Director of Corrections, the keeper or a person aid must be held as justified and guiltless.	nmitting the same is the Department of			
<b>SECTION 24-3-760.</b> Powers of keeper in in absence of Director. In the absence of the Director of Corrections, the keeper has the same pedisorders, riots, and insurrections and assistance in so doing that is given to the	the Department of ower in suppressing in requiring aid and			

	DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR OP	FRATI	ONSLAW CHANGE #5	
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and		Basis for Recommendation	Approval and
	Recommended Change(s)			Others Impacted
SECTION 24-3-210.	<u>Current Law</u>		SCDC only allows medical	N/A
Furloughs for	Allows furloughs for a multitude of		furloughs with proper approval	N/A
qualified inmates of	C C		because the inmate is basically	
State prison system.	reasons. <u>Recommendation</u>		on his own with minimal	
State prison system.	Modify To allow only medical furlo	ugha		
Comment Lang Manding	Moully to allow only medical func		supervision by SCDC.	
Current Law Wording	under alle for an alified immediate of	-	sed Revisions to Law Wording	lified investor of
	urloughs for qualified inmates of		ION 24-3-210. Furloughs for qua	alified inmates of
State prison system.		-	orison system.	
	v extend the limits of the place of		The director may extend the limi	-
_	er, where there is reasonable cause		ement of a prisoner, where there is	
	his trust, by authorizing him, under		eve he will honor his trust, by autho	0
	to leave the confines of that place	-	ibed conditions, to leave the conf	-
	custodial agent for a prescribed		ompanied by a custodial agent for a	
period of time to:			е <del>to: <u>on medical furlough.</u> (1) со</del>	ntact prospective
(1) contact prospec		emplo		
	e residence for use when released	-	?) secure a suitable residence for u	ise when released
on parole or upon disch		-	<del>ole or upon discharge;</del>	
	services not otherwise available;		3) obtain medical services not other	
	n a training program in the	-	<ul> <li>Participate in a training program</li> </ul>	
	ner compelling reason consistent	-	other compelling reason consiste	<del>nt with the public</del>
with the public interest;		<del>interest;</del>		
	child (including stepchild, adopted	— (5) visit a spouse, child (including stepchild, adopted		
	whom the prisoner, though not a	child, or child as to whom the prisoner, though not a natural		
	ed in the place of a parent), parent	-	<del>, has acted in the place of a parent)</del> ,	
	ugh not a natural parent, who has	-	<del>on, though not a natural parent, wh</del>	<del>to has acted in the</del>
	arent), brother, or sister.	-	of a parent), brother, or sister.	
	v extend the limits of the place of	~ ~	The director may extend the limi	-
	inally ill inmate for an indefinite	confinement of a terminally ill inmate for an indefinite		
	ere is reasonable cause to believe	length of time when there is reasonable cause to believe		
that the inmate will hon	or his trust.	that the inmate will honor his trust.		
(C) The wilful failure	of a prisoner to remain within the	(C)	The wilful failure of a prisoner to a	remain within the
	confinement or return within the		led limits of his confinement or a	
	laces of confinement designated by	-	rescribed to the places of confinem	0 1
	red an escape from the custody of	the director is considered an escape from the custody of the		
-	as provided in Section 24-13-410.	director punishable as provided in Section 24-13-410.		
	y not extend the benefits of this		The director may not extend the	
1	victed of a violent crime as defined	1		
	less all of the following persons		tion 16-1-60 unless all of the f	
_	that the offender be allowed to		mend in writing that the offend	
	ough program in the community	-	pate in the furlough program in	n the community
where the offense was c			the offense was committed:	
	where, as applicable, the victim of	-	) in those cases where, as applicabl	
	offender is charged, or the relatives		for which the offender is charged,	
of the victim who have a	applied for notification pursuant to	the vic	tim who have applied for notification	on pursuant to the
the provisions of Article	15, Chapter 3, Title 16 if the victim	provis	ions of Article 15, Chapter 3, Title 1	6 if the victim has
has died;		died;		
(2) the law enforce	ement agency which employed the	(2	2) the law enforcement agency wh	ich employed the
arresting officer of the o			ing officer of the offender; and	
_	whose circuit the offender was		3) the solicitor in whose circuit	the offender was
convicted.		convic	-	

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR OPERATIONS LAW CHANGE #6					
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) an	d	Basis for	Approval and Others Impacted	
	Recommended Change(s)		Recommendation		
SECTION 24-21-1310.	<u>Current Law</u>		SCDC is not	SCDPPPS	
Development and	Allows for reporting day center	S	involved in		
operation; inmate	with joint discretion of SCDC ar	nd	determining		
eligibility.	SCDPPPS for inmate placement.		which inmates		
	_		are eligible for		
SECTION 24-21-1320.	Recommendation		placement.		
Conditions of placement;	Modify to have the reporting da	ay			
removal.	centers under the sole discretion	on of			
	SCDPPPS.				
Current Law Wording		Proposed Revisions to Law Wording			
SECTION 24-21-1310. Dev	<b>SECTION 24-21-1310.</b> Development and operation; inmate		TION 24-21-1310.	Development and operation;	
eligibility.		inmate eligibility.			

(A) Notwithstanding another provision of law, the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services may develop and operate day reporting centers for eligible inmates and eligible offenders, if the General Assembly appropriates funds to operate these centers. The Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services shall develop policies, procedures, and guidelines for the operation of day reporting centers. The period of time an eligible inmate or offender is required to participate in a day reporting program and the individual terms and conditions of an eligible inmate's or offender's placement and participation are at the joint discretion of the Department of Corrections and the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services.

(B) An inmate or offender has no right to be placed in a day reporting center. The Department of Corrections and the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services have absolute discretion to place an eligible inmate or offender in a day reporting center and nothing in this article may be construed to entitle an inmate or offender to participate in a day reporting center program.

**SECTION 24-21-1320.** Conditions of placement; removal.

(A) An eligible inmate or offender placed in a day reporting center must agree to abide by the conditions established by the Department of Corrections and the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services, which may include, but are not limited to:

(1) seek and maintain employment;

(2) participate in any educational, vocational training, counseling, or mentoring program recommended by the department;

(3) refrain from using alcohol or nonprescription medication; and

(4) pay a reasonable supervision fee, which may be waived by the department, that must be retained by the department to assist in funding this program.

(B) An eligible inmate or offender who fails to abide by the conditions established by the Department of Corrections and the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon

(A) Notwithstanding another provision of law, the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services may develop and operate day reporting centers for eligible inmates and eligible offenders, if the General Assembly appropriates funds to operate these centers. The Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services shall develop policies, procedures, and guidelines for the operation of day reporting centers. The period of time an eligible inmate or offender is required to participate in a day reporting program and the individual terms and conditions of an eligible inmate's or offender's placement and participation are at the joint discretion of the Department of Corrections and the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services.

(B) An inmate or offender has no right to be placed in a day reporting center. The **Department of Corrections** and the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services have absolute discretion to place an eligible inmate or offender in a day reporting center and nothing in this article may be construed to entitle an inmate or offender to participate in a day reporting center program.

SECTION 24-21-1320. Conditions of placement; removal.

(A) An eligible inmate or offender placed in a day reporting center must agree to abide by the conditions established by the Department of Corrections and the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services, which may include, but are not limited to:

(1) seek and maintain employment;

(2) participate in any educational, vocational counseling, mentoring training, or program recommended by the department;

(3) refrain from using alcohol or nonprescription medication; and

(4) pay a reasonable supervision fee, which may be waived by the department, that must be retained by the department to assist in funding this program.

(B) An eligible inmate or offender who fails to abide by the conditions established by the Department

Services may be removed from the community and brought	Corrections and the Department of Probation, Parole and
before an administrative hearing officer of the Department	Pardon Services may be removed from the community
of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services. The Department	and brought before an administrative hearing officer of
of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services is the sole	the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon
authority for determining whether any condition has been	Services. The Department of Probation, Parole and
violated and for determining the actions to be taken in	Pardon Services is the sole authority for determining
response to the violation. A participant revoked from	whether any condition has been violated and for
participation in a day reporting center may be subject to	determining the actions to be taken in response to the
further criminal proceedings or the institution of internal	violation. A participant revoked from participation in a
disciplinary sanctions for violations of any conditions	day reporting center may be subject to further criminal
associated with his placement in the day reporting center	proceedings or the institution of internal disciplinary
program. An inmate who fails to report as instructed, or	sanctions for violations of any conditions associated with
whose whereabouts are unknown, may be considered to be	his placement in the day reporting center program. An
an escapee by the department and may be apprehended and	inmate who fails to report as instructed, or whose
returned to custody as any other inmate who is deemed an	whereabouts are unknown, may be considered to be an
escapee by the department.	escapee by the department and may be apprehended and
(C) If a sentence to a day reporting center is revoked, the	returned to custody as any other inmate who is deemed
inmate must serve the remainder of his sentence within	an escapee by the department.
the Department of Corrections.	(C) If a sentence to a day reporting center is revoked,
	the inmate must serve the remainder of his sentence
	within the Department of Corrections if appropriate.

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR OPERATIONS LAW REPEAL #7				
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and Recommended Change(s)	Basis for Recommendation	Approval and Others Impacted	
<b>TITLE 24 CHAPTER 22</b> Classification System and Adult Criminal Offender Management System	<u>Current Law</u> Established the Offender Management System. <u>Recommendation</u>	The Offender Management System Act terminated on July 1, 1995.	SCDPPPS	
	Repeal chapter.			
Current Law Wording			Proposed Revisions to Law Wording	
SECTION 24-22-10. Short title. This chapter is known and may b SECTION 24-22-20. Definitions. As used herein: (a) "Adult criminal offender may of Corrections and the State Depa screened inmates to be identified placed in Department of Probation (b) "Community control strated available in the community, in restitution centers, public service and intensive supervision. (c) "High count" means the la population, or both, on any given (d) "Prison" means any male of female correctional facility opera (e) "Prison system" means the (f) "Offender" means every may the offender management system sentence under commitment to the	correctional facility, female correctional facilited by the State Department of Corrections. prisons operated by the State Department of le inmate or female inmate, or both, who, at a, is or at any time during continuation of the ne State Department of Corrections, including	Act". Ded by the State Department ices which permits carefully s Reintegration Centers and ontrol Strategies. Inder management methods on, day reporting centers, s, short term incarceration, rgest female prison system ality, or combined male and f Corrections. the time of the initiation of system is serving a criminal g persons serving sentences	entire chapter.	
<ul> <li>in local detention facilities designated under the provisions of applicable law and regulations.</li> <li>(g) "Prison system population" means the total number of male prisoners, female prisoners, or combined total of female and male prisoners housed in the prisons operated by the State Department of Corrections.</li> <li>(h) "Reintegration center" means an institution operated by the State Department of Corrections which provides for the evaluation of and necessary institutional programs for inmates in the offender</li> </ul>				
provides for the evaluation of and necessary institutional programs for inmates in the offender management system. (i) "Release date" means the date projected by the State Department of Corrections on which a prisoner will be released from prison, assuming maximum accrual of credit for good behavior has been established under Section 24-13-210 and earned work credits under Section 24-13-230. (j) "Qualified prisoners" means any male prisoners, female prisoners, or combined total of female or male prisoners convicted of a nonviolent offense for which such prisoner has received a total sentence of five years or less and is presently serving a nonmandatory term of imprisonment for conviction of one or more of the following offenses: reckless homicide (56-5-2910); armed robbery/accessory after the fact; simple assault; intimidation (16-11-550, 16-17-560); aggravated assault (16-23-490); arson of residence to defraud an insurer (16-11-110, 16-11-125); arson (16-11-10); arson-2nd degree (16-11-110(B)); arson-3rd degree (16-11-110(C)); burglary of safe vault (16-11-390); possession of tools for a crime (16-11-20); attempted				

16-13-120); grand larceny (16-13-20); attempted grand larceny (16-13-20); larceny; credit card theft (16-13-20, 16-13-30, 16-13-35); possession of stolen vehicle (16-21-80, 16-21-130); unauthorized use of a vehicle (16-21-60, 16-21-130); forgery (16-13-10); fraud-swindling (16-13-320); fraudulent illegal use of credit card (16-14-60); fraudulent check (34-11-60); fraud-false statement or representation (16-13-240 through 16-13-290); breach of trust with fraudulent intent (16-13-230); failure to return tools or vehicle (16-13-420); insurance fraud (16-11-125, 16-11-130); obtaining controlled substance by fraud (44-53-40); defrauding an innkeeper (45-1-50); receipt of stolen property (16-13-180); destroying personal property (16-11-510); malicious injury to property (16-11-510, 16-11-520): hallucinogen-possession (44-53-370(c)); heroin-possession (44-53-370(c)); cocaine-possession (44-53-370(c)); cocaine-transporting (44-53-370(a)); marijuana-possession (44-53-370(c)); marijuana-producing (44-53-370(a)); legend drugs-possession (44-53-370(c)); distributing imitation controlled substances (44-53-370(a)); possession-imitation controlled substance (44-53-370(a)); indecent exposure (16-15-130); peeping tom (16-17-470); contributing to delinquency of minor (16-17-490); neglect-child (63-5-7-70); criminal domestic violence (16-25-20); prostitution (16-15-90 through 16-15-110); unlawful liquor possession (61-6-1800, 61-6-2220, 61-6-4710); public disorderly conduct/intoxication (16-17-530); making false report (16-17-725); contempt of court (14-1-150); obstructing justice (16-9-310 through 16-9-380); bribery (16-9-210 through 16-9-270, 16-17-540 through 16-17-550); possession of incendiary device (16-23-480, 16-11-550); weapon license/registration (23-31-140); explosives possession (23-36-50, 23-36-170); threat to bomb (16-11-550); unlawful possession of firearm on premises of alcoholic beverage establishment (16-23-465); discharging firearm in dwelling (16-23-440); pointing a firearm (16-23-410); littering (16-11-700); DUI-drugs (56-5-2930, 56-5-2940); driving under suspension (56-1-460); failure to stop for officer (56-5-750); leaving the scene of accident (56-5-1210; 56-5-1220); possession of open container (61-4-110); trespassing (16-11-600 through 16-11-640); illegal use of telephone (16-17-430); smuggling contraband into prison (24-3-950); tax evasion (12-7-2750); false income tax statement (12-7-1630, 12-7-2750); accessory to a felony (16-1-40, 16-1-50); misprision of a felony; criminal conspiracy (16-17-410); habitual offender (56-1-1020 through 56-1-1100).

(k) "Operating capacity" means the safe and reasonable male inmate capacity, female inmate capacity, or combined male and female inmate capacity of the prison system operated by the State Department of Corrections as certified by the State Department of Corrections and approved by the Department of Administration.

SECTION 24-22-30. Eligibility to participate in offender management system.

To be eligible to participate in the offender management system, an offender shall:

(a) be classified as a qualified prisoner as defined herein;

(b) maintain a clear disciplinary record during the offender's incarceration or for at least six months prior to consideration for placement in the system;

(c) demonstrate during incarceration a general desire to become a law-abiding member of society;

(d) satisfy any reasonable requirements imposed on the offender by the Department of Corrections;

(e) be willing to participate in the criminal offender management system and all of its programs and rehabilitative services and agree to conditions imposed by the departments;

(f) possess an acceptable risk score. The risk score shall be affected by, but not be limited to, the following factors:

(1) nature and seriousness of the current offense;

(2) nature and seriousness of prior offenses;

(3) institutional record;

(4) performance under prior criminal justice supervision; and

(g) satisfy any other criteria established by the South Carolina Department of Corrections and the State Board of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services.

**SECTION 24-22-40.** Implementation of system; limits to issuance of certificates; Orders by Governor to enroll or cease release of prisoners.

The South Carolina Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services, in cooperation with the South Carolina Department of Corrections shall develop and establish policies, procedures, guidelines, and cooperative agreements for the implementation of an adult criminal offender management system which permits carefully screened and selected male offenders and female offenders to be enrolled in the criminal offender management system.

After review by and approval of three members of the Board of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services designated by the Governor, the board shall enroll qualified offenders monthly into the offender management system to prevent the prison system population from exceeding one hundred percent of capacity at high count. No offender shall be issued an offender management system certificate and released from prison if the release of the offender will reduce the prison system population below ninety-five percent of capacity at high count.

If the Governor at any time during periods when the offender management system is in operation, determines that an insufficient number of inmates are being enrolled into the system to keep the prison system population below one hundred percent of capacity of high count or if the Governor determines that the number of inmates released has reached a level that could endanger the public welfare and safety of the State, he may issue an Executive Order requiring the South Carolina Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services and the South Carolina Department of Corrections to enroll a specified number of qualified prisoners per month for a specified number of months or require the department to cease and desist in the release of the inmates accordingly.

**SECTION 24-22-50.** System to be in operation during all periods in which funded.

The offender management system shall be in operation during all periods that the system is appropriately funded.

#### **SECTION 24-22-60.** Evaluation of offenders.

Offenders enrolled in the offender management system shall be evaluated at Department of Corrections Reintegration Centers. The evaluation shall determine the offender's needs prior to community placement. The programs and services provided at a reintegration center by the Department of Corrections shall prepare offenders to be placed in the appropriate community control strategies.

SECTION 24-22-70. Good behavior credit; earned work credits.

Offenders enrolled in the offender management system shall be entitled to good behavior credit as specified in Section 24-13-210 and to earned work credits as determined pursuant to Section 24-13-230. Offenders revoked from the offender management system shall not receive credit on their sentence for six months or for the time credited while placed in the community control strategies, whichever is less.

**SECTION 24-22-80.** Revocation of offender management system status; no appeal.

Revocation of offender management system status awarded under this chapter is a permissible prison disciplinary action.

Offenders transferred to a reintegration center who have not been placed in and agreed to community control strategies and who violate the conditions of the offender management system may be revoked from the system by the Department of Corrections. Offenders who have been placed in and agreed to the community control strategies who violate the conditions of the offender management system certificate may be revoked from the offender management system by the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services. The revocation procedures shall be developed jointly by the South Carolina Department of Corrections and the South Carolina Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services. There shall be no right to appeal a revocation.

**SECTION 24-22-90.** Enrollment in system; supervision in community; giving of notice; statements by victims, witnesses, solicitors, law enforcement officers, and others for or against release.

Offenders shall be enrolled in the offender management system and supervised in the community by the South Carolina Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services. The South Carolina Department of Corrections shall transfer enrolled inmates to a South Carolina Department of Corrections Reintegration Center for evaluation pursuant to Section 24-22-60. The South Carolina Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services shall issue an offender management system certificate with conditions which must be agreed to by the offender prior to the offender's placement in the community control strategies.

The South Carolina Department of Corrections shall notify the South Carolina Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services of all victim impact statements filed pursuant to Section 16-1-1550, which references offenders enrolled in the offender management system. The South Carolina Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services shall, prior to enrolling an offender into the offender management system, give thirty days prior written notice to any person or entity who has filed a written request for notice. Any victim or witness pursuant to Article 15, Chapter 3, Title 16 and any solicitor, law enforcement officer, or other person or entity may request notice about an offender under this section and may testify by written or oral statement for or against the release. The South Carolina Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services shall have authority to deny enrollment to any offender based upon the statements of any person responding to the notice of enrollment.

**SECTION 24-22-100.** Enrollee participation in designated programs; community control strategies. Offenders enrolled in the offender management system shall be required to participate in programs

designated by the South Carolina Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services, including community control strategies. These strategies may include, but are not limited to:

(a) the South Carolina Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services Home Detention Supervision Program;

(b) day reporting centers;

(c) restitution centers;

(d) public service work programs;

- (e) substance abuse programs;
- (f) short term incarceration; and

(g) intensive supervision programs.

**SECTION 24-22-110.** Status of enrollees; retention and sharing of control by departments; revocation of enrollment.

Offenders enrolled in the offender management system shall retain the status of inmates in the jurisdiction of the South Carolina Department of Corrections. Control over the offenders is vested in the South Carolina Department of Corrections while the offender is in a reintegration center and is vested in the South Carolina Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services while the offender is in the community. Offenders may be revoked from the offender management system for a violation of any condition of the offender management system. There shall be no right to appeal the revocation decision of either department.

**SECTION 24-22-120.** Discipline or removal from system; violation, arrest and detention; no bond pending hearing.

At any time while an enrolled offender is at a reintegration center, the enrolled offender may be disciplined or removed from the offender management system, or both, according to procedures established by the Department of Corrections.

At any time during a period of community supervision, a probation and parole agent may issue a warrant or a citation and affidavit setting forth that the person enrolled in the offender management system has in the agent's judgment violated the conditions of the offender management system. Any police officer or other officer with the power of arrest in possession of a warrant may arrest the offender and detain such offender in the county jail or other appropriate place of detention until such offender can be brought before the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services. The offender shall not be entitled to be released on bond pending a hearing.

**SECTION 24-22-130.** Parole hearings; supervised furlough; vested rollbacks; continuation in system until sentence satisfied.

Offenders enrolled in the offender management system shall not be given a parole hearing or released on supervised furlough as long as the offender is on offender management system status. Offenders who have vested roll backs granted under the Prison Overcrowding Powers Act shall not lose such benefits. Offenders enrolled in the offender management system will remain in the offender management system until the offender's sentence is satisfied, unless sooner revoked.

**SECTION 24-22-140.** No liberty interest or expectancy of release created.

The enactment of this legislation shall not create a "liberty interest" or an "expectancy of release" in any offender now incarcerated or in any offender who is incarcerated in the future.

**SECTION 24-22-150.** Funding required for system initiation and ongoing operation; hiatus when funding exhausted.

(A) The offender management system must not be initiated, and offenders shall not be enrolled in the offender management system unless appropriately funded out of the general funds of the State.

(B) During periods when the offender management system is in operation and either the South Carolina Department of Corrections or the South Carolina Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services determines that its funding for the system has been exhausted, the commissioner for the department having made the determination that funds are exhausted shall notify the commissioner of the other department, the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate.

The offender management system shall then terminate until appropriate funding has been provided from the general funds of the State.

**SECTION 24-22-160.** Operating capacities of prison populations to be established; certification.

The Department of Corrections and the Department of Administration shall establish the operating capacities of the male prison population and the female prison population of the prison system operated by the Department of Corrections and shall, at least quarterly, certify existing operating capacities or establish change or new operating capacities.

**SECTION 24-22-170.** Termination of system and regulations.

The offender management system and any regulations promulgated thereto shall terminate July 1, 1995 unless extended by the General Assembly.

#### **<u>Reference</u>**

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR OPERATIONS LAW CHANGE #8				
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and Re	commended	Basis for	Approval and
	Change(s)		Recommendation	Others Impacted
SECTION 24-13-125.	<u>Current Law</u>		A large number of	Association of
Eligibility for work	Requires inmates with a "no parole		inmates would be	Counties and other
release; limitations;	serve 80% of their sentence prior to	o being eligible	able to participate	state agencies.
forfeiture of credits.	for work release programs.		in work release	
			sooner and for a	
	Recommendation		longer period of	
	Modify the statute so that inmates		time.	
	parole offense" would be eligible fo			
	after serving 70% of their sentence			
Current Law Wording		Proposed Revisi	ons to Law Wording	
	Eligibility for work release;		0	for work release;
limitations; forfeiture of		limitations; forf		
	my other provision of law, except in			vision of law, except
	death penalty or a term of life		-	lty or a term of life
	ed, or as provided in this subsection,	-	-	provided in this
	f a "no parole offense", as defined			no parole offense", as
	nd sentenced to the custody of the	defined in Section 24-13-100, and sentenced to the		
-	ions, including an inmate serving	custody of the Department of Corrections, including an		
-	pursuant to a designated facility	inmate serving time in a local facility pursuant to a designated facility agreement authorized by Section 24-3-		
-	by Section 24-3-20 or Section 24-3- work release until the inmate has	20 or Section 24-3-30, is not eligible for work release until		
0	ghty percent of the actual term of			<del>ghty</del> <u>seventy</u> percent
	This percentage must be calculated			nent imposed. This
	of earned work credits, education		-	out the application of
	t credits, and is to be applied to the			lits, or good conduct
-	nment imposed, not including any			the actual term of
-	ce which has been suspended. A			ig any portion of the
-	rk release if the person is sentenced			. A person is eligible
	hter (Section 16-3-50), kidnapping		-	tenced for voluntary
	carjacking (Section 16-3-1075),			napping (Section 16-
	d degree (Section 16-11-312(B)),		-	75), burglary in the
armed robbery (Secti	on 16-11-330(A)), or attempted	second degree	(Section 16-11-312)	(B)), armed robbery
armed robbery (Section	n 16-11-330(B)), the crime did not	-	-	ted armed robbery
involve any criminal sex	rual conduct or an additional violent	(Section 16-11-	330(B)), the crime	did not involve any
				onal violent crime as
	lease from imprisonment. Except as		-	erson is within three
	tion, nothing in this section may be	•	-	Except as provided in
	inmate convicted of murder or an		0	on may be construed
	n participating in work release by			urder or an inmate
another provision of law	v to be eligible for work release.	-		k release by another
		provision of law	to be eligible for wor	rk release.

Reference• SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (April 29, 2019), Question #42

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR OPERATIONS LAW CREATION #9					
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) a	ind	Basis for	Approval and Others	
	Recommended Change(s)		Recommendation	Impacted	
No current law is applicable	<u>Current Law</u>		Changes in	Cellular carriers	
	No current law is applicable		cellular networks		
			that are near a		
	<u>Recommendation</u>		MAS installation		
	Establish requirement for cel	lular	affect the		
	carriers to inform managed a		operation and		
	system (MAS) vendors any tir		reliability of the		
	there is a change in the cellular		MAS installation.		
	network near a MAS installation				
	which could impact the operation				
	of the MAS. These changes include,				
	but are not limited to, change				
	radio frequencies, signal stre	0			
	antennae placement / directi	on, or			
	communications protocols.				
Current Law Wording		<b>^</b>	ed Revisions to Law		
No current law is applicable.	No current law is applicable.		SCDC does not have a recommendation for specific		
		wordir	ng.		

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR OPERATIONS LAW CHANGE #10							
Law	Summary of Current Law(s)		Basis for	Approval and Others			
	and Recommended Change(s)		Recommendation	Impacted			
SECTION 24-23-10.	<u>Current Law</u> :		The statue is out of	N/A.			
Plans to be developed for	Creation of a community based		date as the goal has				
statewide case classification	correctional program.		been accomplished				
system and community-			and the "board" is				
based correctional programs.	<b>Recommendation</b>		no longer around.				
	Repeal the law.						
Current Law Wording			roposed Revisions to Law Wording				
SECTION 24-23-10. Plans to be developed for statewide case classification system and community-based correctional programs.Repeal the law.							
The Board shall develop a plan statewide case classification							
Department of Corrections, an jointly develop a specific	plan for the statewide						
implementation of new community-based correctional programs. The plan shall include descriptions of the new							
programs, the eligibility criteria for placing offenders on the programs, the administrative and legal requirements							
for implementation, the project on the state inmate popu							
requirements and timetal	ble for the statewide						
implementation of the progr submitted to the Legislature by	-						

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR OPERATIONS LAW CHANGE #11							
Law	Summary of Current Law(s)	Basis for		and Others			
	and Recommended Change(s)	Recommendation	Impacted				
<b>SECTION 24-13-710</b> Implementation of supervised	<u>Current Law</u> : Implementation of a supervised	We have replaced the furlough program with	N/A.				
furlough program; search and	furlough program. a supervised reentry						
seizure; fee; guidelines; eligibility		program.					
criteria	Recommendation						
	Repeal the statutes.						
<b>SECTION 24-13-720</b> Inmates who may be placed with							
program; search and seizure							
Current Law Wording				Proposed Revisions			
				to Law Wording			
<b>SECTION 24-13-710</b> . Implementation of supervised furlough program; search and seizure; fee; guidelines;							
eligibility criteria.							
The Department of Corrections and the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services shall jointly develop the policies, procedures, guidelines, and cooperative agreement for the implementation of a							
develop the policies, procedures, supervised furlough program which							
mandatory minimum sentence as							
Section 16-1-60, a "no parole offens							
in the third degree as defined in Se							
the third degree as defined in Section							
under the supervision of state probation and parole agents with the privilege of residing in an approved							
residence and continuing treatment, training, or employment in the community until parole eligibility or expiration of sentence, whichever is earlier.							
Before an inmate may be released on supervised furlough, the inmate must agree in writing to be subject to							
search or seizure, without a search warrant, with or without cause, of the inmate's person, any vehicle the							
inmate owns or is driving, and any of the inmate's possessions by:							
(1) any probation agent employed by the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services; or							
(2) any other law enforcement officer.							
An inmate must not be granted supervised furlough if he fails to comply with this provision. However, an							
inmate who was convicted of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to a Class C misdemeanor or an unclassified							
misdemeanor that carries a term of imprisonment of not more than one year may not be required to agree							
to be subject to search or seizure, without a warrant, with or without cause, of the inmate's person, any vehicle the inmate owns or is driving, or any of the inmate's possessions.							
venicle the inmate owns or is drivir	ig, of any of the inmate's possessio	115.					
The department and the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services shall assess a fee sufficient							
to cover the cost of the participant's supervision and any other financial obligations incurred because of his							
participation in the supervised furlough program as provided by this article. The two departments shall							
jointly develop and approve written guidelines for the program to include, but not be limited to, the selection criteria and process, requirements for supervision, conditions for participation, and removal.							
cineria anu process, requirements	ior supervision, conditions for part	ncipation, and removal.					
The conditions for participation m	ust include the requirement that th	ne offender must permit the	e search or				
seizure, without a search warrant, with or without cause, of the offender's person, any vehicle the offender							
owns or is driving, and any of the offender's possessions by:							

(1) any probation agent employed by the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services; or

(2) any other law enforcement officer.

However, the conditions for participation for an offender who was convicted of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to a Class C misdemeanor or an unclassified misdemeanor that carries a term of imprisonment of not more than one year may not include the requirement that the offender agree to be subject to search or seizure, without a search warrant, with or without cause, of the offender's person, any vehicle the offender owns or is driving, or any of the offender's possessions.

By enacting this provision, the General Assembly intends to provide law enforcement with a means of reducing recidivism and does not authorize law enforcement officers to conduct searches for the sole purpose of harassment. Immediately before each search or seizure conducted pursuant to this section, the law enforcement officer seeking to conduct the search or seizure must verify with the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services or by any other means available to the officer that the individual upon whom the search or seizure will be conducted is currently on supervised furlough. A law enforcement officer conducting a search or seizure without a warrant pursuant to this section shall report to the law enforcement agency that employs him all of these searches or seizures, which shall include the name, address, age, gender, and race or ethnicity of the person that is the subject of the search or seizure. The law enforcement agency shall submit this information at the end of each month to the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services for review of abuse. A finding of abuse of the use of searches or seizures without a search warrant must be reported by the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services to the State Law Enforcement Division for investigation. If the law enforcement officer fails to report each search or seizure pursuant to this section, he is subject to discipline pursuant to the employing agency's policies and procedures.

The cooperative agreement between the two departments shall specify the responsibilities and authority for implementing and operating the program. Inmates approved and placed on the program must be under the supervision of agents of the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services who are responsible for ensuring the inmate's compliance with the rules, regulations, and conditions of the program as well as monitoring the inmate's employment and participation in any of the prescribed and authorized community-based correctional programs such as vocational rehabilitation, technical education, and alcohol/drug treatment. Eligibility criteria for the program include, but are not limited to, all of the following requirements:

(1) maintain a clear disciplinary record for at least six months prior to consideration for placement on the program;

(2) demonstrate to Department of Corrections' officials a general desire to become a law-abiding member of society;

(3) satisfy any other reasonable requirements imposed upon him by the Department of Corrections;

(4) have an identifiable need for and willingness to participate in authorized community-based programs and rehabilitative services;

(5) have been committed to the State Department of Corrections with a total sentence of five years or less as the first or second adult commitment for a criminal offense for which the inmate received a sentence of one year or more. The Department of Corrections shall notify victims pursuant to Article 15, Chapter 3, Title 16 as well as the sheriff's office of the place to be released before releasing inmates through any supervised furlough program. These requirements do not apply to the crimes referred to in this section.

## SECTION 24-13-720. Inmates who may be placed with program; search and seizure.

Unless sentenced to life imprisonment, an inmate under the jurisdiction or control of the Department of Corrections who has not been convicted of a violent crime under the provisions of Section 16-1-60 or a "no

parole offense" as defined in Section 24-13-100 may, within six months of the expiration of his sentence, be placed with the program provided for in Section 24-13-710 and is subject to every rule, regulation, and condition of the program. Before an inmate may be released on supervised furlough, the inmate must agree in writing to be subject to search or seizure, without a search warrant, with or without cause, of the inmate's person, any vehicle the inmate owns or is driving, and any of the inmate's possessions by:

(1) any probation agent employed by the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services; or

(2) any other law enforcement officer.

An inmate may not be released on supervised furlough by the department if he fails to comply with this provision. However, an inmate who was convicted of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to a Class C misdemeanor or an unclassified misdemeanor that carries a term of imprisonment of not more than one year may not be required to agree to be subject to search or seizure, without a search warrant, with or without cause, of the inmate's person, any vehicle the inmate owns or is driving, or any of the inmate's possessions.

The conditions for participation must include the requirement that the inmate must permit the search or seizure, without a search warrant, with or without cause, of the inmate's person, any vehicle the inmate owns or is driving, and any of the inmate's possessions by:

(1) any probation agent employed by the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services; or

(2) any other law enforcement officer.

However, the conditions for participation for an inmate who was convicted of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to a Class C misdemeanor or an unclassified misdemeanor that carries a term of imprisonment of not more than one year may not include the requirement that the inmate agree to be subject to search or seizure, without a search warrant, with or without cause, of the inmate's person, any vehicle the inmate owns or is driving, or any of the inmate's possessions.

By enacting this provision, the General Assembly intends to provide law enforcement with a means of reducing recidivism and does not authorize law enforcement officers to conduct searches for the sole purpose of harassment. Immediately before each search or seizure conducted pursuant to this section, the law enforcement officer seeking to conduct the search or seizure must verify with the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services or by any other means available to the officer that the individual upon whom the search or seizure will be conducted is currently on supervised furlough. A law enforcement officer conducting a search or seizure without a warrant pursuant to this section shall report to the law enforcement agency that employs him all of these searches or seizures, which shall include the name, address, age, gender, and race or ethnicity of the person that is the subject of the search or seizure. The law enforcement agency shall submit this information at the end of each month to the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services for review of abuse. A finding of abuse of the use of searches or seizures without a search warrant must be reported by the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services to the State Law Enforcement Division for investigation. If the law enforcement officer fails to report each search or seizure pursuant to this section, he is subject to discipline pursuant to the employing agency's policies and procedures.

No inmate otherwise eligible under the provisions of this section for placement with the program may be so placed unless he has qualified under the selection criteria and process authorized by the provisions of Section 24-13-710. He also must have maintained a clear disciplinary record for at least six months prior to eligibility for placement with the program.

#### **Reference**

• <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (April 29, 2019)</u>, Question #44

<b>DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR OPERATIONS LAW CHANGE #12</b>					
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and Recommended	Basis for Recommendation	Approval and Others		
	Change(s)		Impacted		
SECTION 24-13-150.	<u>Current Law</u>	The language regarding "early release or	DPPPS		
Early release, discharge,		discharge" should be removed because			
and community	<u>Recommendation</u>	early release and discharge do not apply			
supervision; limitations;	Remove specific language	to 85% offenders. Under S.C. Code 24-			
forfeiture of credits.	that is not necessary.	21-560, 85% offenders can only be			
		released to community supervision.			
Current Law Wording		Proposed Revisions to Law Wording			
	Early release, discharge, and	SECTION 24-13-150. Early release,			
	nitations; forfeiture of credits.	eCommunity supervision; limitations; forf			
	her provision of law, except in	(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of			
	th penalty or a term of life	case in which the death penalty or			
	an inmate convicted of a "no	imprisonment is imposed, an inmate convicted of a "no			
	d in Section 24-13-100 and	parole offense" as defined in Section 24-13-100 and			
5	the Department of Corrections,	sentenced to the custody of the Department of Corrections,			
0 0	time in a local facility pursuant	including an inmate serving time in a local facility pursuant			
5 5 5	eement authorized by Section	to a designated facility agreement authoriz			
	is not eligible for early release,	3-20 or Section 24-3-30, is not eligible for early release,			
	supervision as provided in	discharge, or community supervision as provided in Section			
	he inmate has served at least	24-21-560, until the inmate has served at least eighty-five			
	actual term of imprisonment	percent of the actual term of imprisonme			
	nust be calculated without the	percentage must be calculated without t			
	credits, education credits, or	earned work credits, education credits,	0		
0	is to be applied to the actual	credits, and is to be applied to the			
	osed, not including any portion	imprisonment imposed, not including an			
of the sentence which has been suspended. Nothing in this		sentence which has been suspended. Noth			
section may be construed to allow an inmate convicted of		may be construed to allow an inmate con			
-	bited from participating in work	or an inmate prohibited from participating			
-	discharge, or community				
	ovision of law to be eligible for	another provision of law to be eligible f			
-	se, discharge, or community	early release, discharge, or community sup	<del>bervision.</del>		
supervision.					

Reference• SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (April 29, 2019), Question #26

DEPU	TY DIRECTOR FOR OPE	RATION	S LAW CHANGE #13	8
Law	Summary of Current Law(s)		Basis for	Approval and Others
	and Recommended Cha	nge(s)	Recommendation	Impacted
SECTION 24-21-560	<u>Current Law</u>		If the changes	DPPPS
Community supervision program;			recommended in	
eligibility; time periods,			law change #12	
supervision, and determination of	<u>Recommendation</u>		are made, this	
completion; violations;	Remove specific language	ge that	statute should	
revocation; notification of release	is not necessary.		also be amended	
to community supervision.			for consistency.	
Current Low Wording		Dramag	ad Davisians to Law	Monding
Current Law Wording	, aunomicion program.		ed Revisions to Law	munity supervision program;
<b>SECTION 24-21-560</b> . Community eligibility; time periods, supervisio				
completion; violations; revocation;		eligibility; time periods, supervision, and determination of completion; violations; revocation; notification of		
community supervision.	notification of release to	release to community supervision.		
(A) Notwithstanding any other pro-	vision of law except in a	(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, except in		
case in which the death penal				h penalty or a term of life
imprisonment is imposed, any set				any sentence for a "no parole
offense" as defined in Section 24-1	-			n 24-13-100 must include any
term of incarceration and comp	5			completion of a community
supervision program operated h	-			ated by the Department of
Probation, Parole, and Pardon Serv		-		on Services. No prisoner who
serving a sentence for a "no parol	le offense" is eligible to	is servi	ng a sentence for a "n	o parole offense" is eligible to
participate in a community supervision program until he			oate in a community	supervision program until he
has served the minimum period of incarceration as set forth			ved the minimum p	period of incarceration as set
in Section 24-13-150. Nothing in this section may be				Nothing in this section may be
construed to allow a prisoner convicted of murder or a			-	r convicted of murder or an
prisoner prohibited from early release, discharge, or work				<del>ly release, discharge, or work</del>
release by any other provision of la				sion on law to be eligible for
release, discharge, or work release.		early re	elease, discharge, or v	work release.

• <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (April 29, 2019)</u>, Question #26

	DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR OPERA	TIONS CONCEPT #14				
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and	Basis for Recommendation	Approval and			
	Recommended Change(s)		Others Impacted			
118.16 (2019-2020	<u>Current Law</u>	If SCDC identifies a security	State agencies.			
Appropriations Bill) H.	Establishes process for capital	need, we need to be allowed to				
4950	projects.	move more quickly than the				
		current procurement process				
	<u>Recommendation</u> Provide quicker approval process for	allows.				
	important/ emergency equipment.					
	Update capital project process for					
	state agencies.					
Current Law Wording	State ageneres	I	Proposed			
			Revisions to Law			
			Wording			
118.16. (SR: Nonrecurrin	ng Revenue) (A) The source of revenue	appropriated in subsection (B) is	Concept			
	nerated from the following sources:		Recommendation:			
	iscal Year 2017-18 Contingency Reserv	ve Fund;	Include state			
(2) \$158,650,000 from	projected Fiscal Year 2018-19 unobl	ligated general fund revenue as	agencies in this			
certified by the Board of			proviso.			
	Litigation Recovery Account; and					
(4) \$6,442,108 from Fisc	al Year 2018-19 Debt Service Lapse.					
	ing specific utilization of these funds					
	ransfers shall occur no later than thirty	•				
	nd shall be available for use in Fiscal Y					
	to have occurred and is available for					
-	wing the Comptroller Generals close o	f the states books on Fiscal Year				
2018-19.						
(B) The appropriations in						
	must be fully funded before any fund					
	ny individual item may be partially fund	led in the order in which it appears				
to the extent that revenue						
	l disburse the following appropriations	s by September 30, 2019, for the				
purposes stated: (1) F310 - General Reserve Fund General Reserve Fund Contribution \$ 27,089,778;						
		ution \$ 27,089,778;				
(2) Part 1A General Fund						
(3) E240 - Office of Adju		$r_{2} = F_{1} - r_{2} + r_{2$				
	Emergency Management Division - FEMA State Match Hurricane Florence \$ 22,000,000;					
<ul> <li>(4) D500 - Department of Administration</li> <li>(a) New Statewide Voting System \$ 40,000,000; (b) Professional Services \$ 5,000,000;</li> </ul>						
	appropriated to the Department of A	, , ,				
Professional Services, the department is authorized to procure such professional services that are necessary to qualify bids and proposals; receipt and evaluation of bids received for a sale,						
management proposals, and Santee Coopers proposal; and, negotiate contracts for the						
consummation of a sale or a management proposal, and related activities. These professional						
services shall include, bu						
	ants and utility consultants. In the even					
•	ll revert to the General Fund. The					
	apter 35, Title 11 of the 1976 Code and a	-				
	ict with the provisions of this proviso a					
to the activities undertake						
	mission 2020 Presidential Primary \$ 2,1	66,500;				
	====================================		1			

(6) N040 - Department of Corrections Detention Services and Equipment Upgrades \$ 10,000,000;	
(7) U120 - Department of Transportation	
(a) Rest Areas \$ 4,000,000; (b) T-Bridge Repair and Rehabilitation \$ 1;	
(8) A010 - The Senate Operating \$ 1,250,000;	
(9) R600 - Department of Employment and Workforce Be Pro Be Proud \$ 642,500;	
(10) U300 - Division of Aeronautics State Aviation Fund \$ 1,000,000;	
(11) P280 - Department of Parks, Recreation, and Tourism	
(a) Advertising \$ 1,200,000;	
(b) Saluda River Greenway \$ 1,500,000;	
(c) Special Olympics \$ 250,000;	
(d) SC Aquarium \$ 1,500,000;	
(e) SC Association of Tourism Regions \$ 550,000;	
**(f) Parks Revitalization \$ 6,500,000;	
(g) Morris Island Lighthouse \$ 175,000;	
(12) J020 - Department of Health and Human Services	
(a) Medicaid Management Information System \$ 7,409,009;	
**(b) Medical Contracts \$ 3,500,000;	
(c) Cervical Cancer Awareness \$ 150,000;	
(13) J120 - Department of Mental Health Certification of State Match - VA Nursing Homes \$	
37,065,450;	
(13.1) Of the funds appropriated to the Department of Mental Health in Item (13), unexpended	
funds are to be retained in the departments Deferred Maintenance/Capital Project account and such	
funds, and the interest earned thereon, may only be expended by the department for additional	
State Veterans Nursing Home construction projects.	
(14) J200 - Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services	
(a) Infrastructure Improvement/Substance Abuse	
Provider System \$ 3,000,000;	
(b) Opioid Response and Addiction Efforts \$ 3,000,000;	
(15) L040 - Department of Social Services	
(a) Child Support Enforcement System \$ 28,600,000;	
(b) Criminal Domestic Violence - SCCADVASA \$ 800,000;	
(c) Epworth Childrens Home \$ 350,000;	
(d) Florence Crittenton \$ 150,000;	
(16) J040 - Department of Health and Environmental Control	
(a) Murrells Inlet Channel Clearing \$ 2,000,000; (b) M.A.D. USA Men Against Domestic Violence	
\$ 250,000;	
(17) B040 - Judicial Department	
**(a) Case Management System Modernization \$ 11,000,000;	
(b) Digital Courtroom Recording \$ 1;	
(18) E240 - Office of Adjutant General	
(a) SCEMD - State Emergency	
Operations Center Improvements \$ 250,000;	
(b) Armory Construction and	
Revitalizations \$ 4,000,000;	
(c) McEntire Joint National Guard Base - Land Management \$ 2,200,000;	
(19) J160 - Department of Disabilities and Special Needs South Carolina Genomic Medicine	
Initiative - TGEM \$ 2,000,000;	
(20) P160 - Department of Agriculture	
(a) Laboratory/Inspection Equipment \$ 800,000;	
(b) Regional Farmers Market \$ 1,000,000;	
(c) Farmers - Flood Relief \$ 1;	
(d) Farm Aid \$ 25,000,000;	

(21) H790 - Department of Archives and History	
(a) Replacement Microfilm Scanner \$ 102,000;	
(b) African American Heritage Commission - Greenbook of SC \$ 100,000;	
**(c) Historic Preservation \$ 3,400,000;	
**(d) Community Development Grants \$ 2,000,000;	
(22) P120 - Forestry Commission Firefighting Equipment \$ 1,000,000;	
(23) Y140 - State Ports Authority Jasper Ocean Terminal Port Facility Infrastructure Fund \$	
8,000,000;	
(24) K050 - Department of Public Safety	
(a) Vehicles \$ 500,000;	
**(b) Local Law Enforcement Grants \$ 2,000,000;	
(25) P320 - Department of Commerce	
(a) Closing Fund \$ 3,700,000;	
(b) Military Base Task Force \$ 750,000;	
(c) LocateSC \$ 4,000,000;	
(26) N12 - Department of Juvenile Justice	
(a) Electrical Grid Conversion \$ 1,120,000;	
**(b) Child Advocacy Centers \$ 170,000;	
(c) Payment of Comp Time \$ 379,583;	
(d) Payment of Overtime \$ 2,300,000;	
(26.1) Of the funds appropriated to the Department of Juvenile Justice in Item (26)(d) for Payment	
of Overtime, the department is authorized and required to pay current non-exempt correctional	
officers by October 1st for any overtime earned in the prior fiscal year as represented by any	
compensatory time reflected in SCEIS on August 1, 2019, that was earned from September 2, 2018	
to June 30, 2019. The funds for this compensation must be provided from appropriated overtime	
funding. If the amount of appropriated funds is not sufficient to pay all the non-exempt correctional	
officers accrued overtime, the department shall pay the officers on a percentage distribution based	
on the hours owed per officer up to the total amount that has been appropriated and any remaining	
hours shall be compensated as compensatory time.	
(27) H630 - Department of Education	
(a) Governors School for Arts and Humanities Shingled Roof Replacement \$ 120,000;	
(b) Governors School for the Arts and Humanities Repave Parking Lot and Roads \$ 235,000;	
(c) Governors School for the Arts and Humanities Safety Repair \$ 155,000;	
(d) First Steps - Outcome and Accountability System \$ 1;	
(e) Lakes and Bridges Charter School - Capital Improvements \$ 200,000;	
(28) H950 - State Museum Commission	
(a) Exhibit Renovations \$ 3,000,000;	
(b) Point of Sale Upgrade \$ 71,900;	
(c) Bishopville Military Museum \$ 75,000;	
(29) H960 - Confederate Relic Room and Military Museum Commission	
(a) Uniform Collection \$ 75,000;	
(b) Security Upgrades \$ 25,000;	
(30) L240 - Commission for the Blind Bathroom Renovations for ADA Compliance \$ 30,000;	
(31) L360 - Human Affairs Commission SC Pregnancy Accommodations Act Training - Act 244	
\$ 70,100;	
(32) R080 - Workers Compensation Commission IT System Legacy Modernization Project \$	
1,800,000;	
(33) R400 - Department of Motor Vehicles End-to-End Encryption \$ 400,000;	
(34) E500 - Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office Statewide Aerial Imagery Project \$ 2,000,000;	
(35) E210 - Prosecution Coordination Commission	
(a) Centers for Fathers and Families \$ 700,000;	
(b) Student Loan Forgiveness \$ 1;	
January 6, 2020 SCDC lett	er to LOC

(36) D100 - State Law Enforcement Division - SLED

(a) SC Critical Infrastructure Cybersecurity Program Equipment \$ 126,475;

(b) Vehicle Replacement Plan \$ 1;

(c) First Responder PTSD Treatment \$ 500,000;

(36.1) Of the funds appropriated to the State Law Enforcement Division in Item (36)(c) for First Responder PTSD Treatment, the State Law Enforcement Division shall distribute fifty percent to the South Carolina Law Enforcement Assistance Program to reimburse law enforcement officers who incur mental injury as a result of a critical incident during the scope of employment for actual out-of-pocket expenses not covered through workers compensation claims and/or other insurance and can also be utilized to provide services through the South Carolina Law Enforcement Assistance Program. The State Law Enforcement Division shall distribute fifty percent to the South Carolina State Firefighters Association for the South Carolina Firefighter Assistance Support Team to reimburse firefighters and emergency medical technicians who incur mental injury as a result of a critical incident during the scope of employment for actual out-of-pocket expenses not covered through workers compensation claims and/or other insurance Support Team to reimburse firefighters and emergency medical technicians who incur mental injury as a result of a critical incident during the scope of employment for actual out-of-pocket expenses not covered through workers compensation claims and/or other insurance and can also be utilized to provide services through the South Carolina Firefighter Assistance Support Team. The State Law Enforcement Division shall promulgate any administrative regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

(37) R440 - Department of Revenue Taxpayer Rebate \$ 6,000,000;

(38) P200 - Clemson – PSA Facility Renovation for Water Research \$ 1;

(39) R360 - Department of Labor, Licensing & Regulation

(a) Urban Search and Rescue - SC Task Force1 Equipment \$ 150,593;

## \*\*(b) Local Fire Department Grants \$ 280,000;

(40) D500 - Department of Administration State Owned Building Deferred Maintenance \$ 800,000;

(41) H910 - Arts Commission

(a) Greenville Cultural and Arts Center \$ 7,000,000;

## \*\*(b) Cultural Arts & Theater

## Center Renovation \$ 450,000;

(42) P240 - Department of Natural Resources

(a) Ft. Johnson Boat Slip Renovations \$ 2,000,000;

(b) Watercraft Registration Conversion - Act 233 \$ 1,795,680;

(c) Hunter Education - Sporting Event Range \$ 750,000;

(d) Law Enforcement Officer Class - Equipment \$ 1;

(e) State Water Planning \$ 1,350,000;

(42.1) Of the funds appropriated to the Department of Natural Resources in Item (42)(e) for State Water Planning, the department shall designate \$400,000 to complete the Edisto River Basin Study.

(43) P400 - Conservation Bank Conservation Grants \$ 3,431,954;

(44) H710 - Wil Lou Gray Opportunity School

(a) Infrastructure Upgrades \$ 100,000;

(b) HVAC Upgrade \$ 100,000;

# **\*\***(45) P360 - Patriots Point Development Authority

## USS Clamagore Veteran Memorial Reef \$ 1,700,000;

(46) H730 - Vocational Rehabilitation

(a) Information Technology/Security - Computer Purchases \$ 659,000; and

(b) VR Center Capital Improvements - State Match \$ 808,509.

(C) Unexpended funds appropriated pursuant to this provision may be carried forward to succeeding fiscal years and expended for the same purposes.

# <u>Reference</u>

• Not cited in an SCDC letter

<b>DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR OPERATIONS LAW CHANGE #15</b>					
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and Recommended Change(s)			Basis for Recommendation	Approval and Others Impacted
<b>SECTION 23-23-60.</b> Certificates of compliance; information to be submitted relating to qualification of candidates for certification; expiration of certificate.	Current LawIndividuals must be 21 to apply for a correctional officer position.RecommendationChange the required age for a correctional officer to 18		SCDC needs more correctional officers. Decreasing the age requirement would increase the candidate pool.	LEAs and CJA	
Current Law Wording SECTION 23-23-60. Certificatinformation to be submitted relificate of candidates for certificate certificate. (B) All city and county police distribution offices, state agencies, or other enforcement officers having candidates for certification signature of the confidential subsequent safekeeping, the foll (8) evidence satisfactory to the candidate's present age is not life years. This evidence must incluing or another acceptable document	SECTION information of candida certificate. (B) All city offices, stat enforcemen candidates director, f subsequent (8) evidend candidate's <u>eighteen</u> ye	<b>23-2</b> n to l ates and te ag nt o for for t safe ce s ce s ce s ce s ce s	23-60. Certificates be submitted relatin for certification; county police depar gencies, or other end officers having su certification shall his confidential i ekeeping, the following atisfactory to the of sent age is not less This evidence mus other acceptable do	of compliance; g to qualification expiration of rtments, sheriffs' mployers of law uch officers as submit to the nformation and ing: [] lirector that the than twenty-one t include a birth	

• Legislative Audit Council Report, page 11, LAC link: <u>here</u>.

# **Police Services**

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR POLICE SERVICES LAW CHANGE #1					
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) a	nd	Basis for	Approval and Others	
	Recommended Change(s)		Recommendation	Impacted	
SECTION 24-3-970. Use	<u>Current Law</u> :		To deter inmates	Association of	
of a social networking site	An inmate who contacts or ha	rasses a victim	from contacting a	Counties, Solicitors,	
by an inmate to contact a	or has a third-party do so is g	-	victim. If they do	Public Defenders, and	
victim; penalty.	misdemeanor and can be fine		contact the	the judicial system.	
	imprisoned for not more than	30 days, or	victim, harsher		
	both.		penalties will act		
			as a deterrent for		
	Recommendation		future contact.		
	Modify to significantly increas	-			
	of contacting a victim as the c				
	penalties are not an effective		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Current Law Wording		Proposed Revisions to Law Wording SECTION 24-3-970. Use of a social networking site by an			
	a social networking site by an				
inmate to contact a victim;	-	inmate to contact a victim; penalty.			
	, or a person acting on behalf	It is unlawful for an inmate, or a person acting on behalf of or enabling an inmate, to utilize any Internet-based social			
	to utilize any Internet-based				
_	e for purposes of harassing,	networking website for purposes of harassing, intimidating,			
	contacting a crime victim. An	or otherwise contacting a crime victim. An inmate or person acting on behalf of an inmate utilizing an Internet-based			
	inmate or person acting on behalf of an inmate utilizing an Internet-based social networking website for purposes		social networking website for purposes described herein is		
described herein is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon		guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, must be fined			
conviction, must be fined not more than five hundred		not more than five hundred one thousand dollars, or			
dollars, or imprisoned not more than thirty days, or both.		imprisoned not more than thirty days one year, or both.			
The provisions of this section apply only to inmates		The provisions of this section apply only to inmates			
	artment of Corrections facility.	incarcerated in a State Department of Corrections facility.			

#### **Reference**

- <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (June 20, 2019)</u>, Question #28
- <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (June 20, 2019)</u>, Question #30

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR POLICE SERVICES LAW CHANGE #2				
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and		Basis for	Approval and Others
	Recommended Change(s)		Recommendation	Impacted
SECTION 24-1-270.	Current Law:		To clarify what	Association of Counties,
Trespass or loitering on or	Makes it a felony and in	nposes a	constitute notice of	Solicitors, Public Defenders,
refusal to leave State	fine for trespassing, loit	tering, or	trespassing and	and the judicial system.
correctional properties	refusing to leave once in		loitering.	
prohibited.	to do so from/on the pr	remises		
	of the SCDC.			
	Recommendation			
	Modify to include what			
	constitutes notice of tre			
	and loitering.	1		
Current Law Wording		Proposed	Revisions to Law Word	ling
SECTION 24-1-270. Trespa	ass or loitering on or	SECTION	24-1-270. Trespass or	· loitering on or refusal to leave
refusal to leave State c	orrectional properties	State	correctional	properties prohibited.
prohibited.		(A) As used in this section, the term 'state correctional		
(A) As used in this section, the		properties' includes all property under the control of the		
properties' includes all prope		Director of the South Carolina Department of Corrections, or his		
the Director of the South C	-	0		mates or other uses pursuant to
Corrections, or his agents,			cor's responsibilities.	
inmates or other uses purs	suant to the director's		nlawful for a person to:	
responsibilities.	h			rectional properties after notice
<ul><li>(B) It is unlawful for a person</li><li>(1) trespass or loiter on state</li></ul>			•	or his authorized agents or, after oremises after notice is given; or
after notice to leave is given			-	e, exhort, instigate, or procure a
authorized agents or, after				of item (1) of this subsection.
leave the premises after notic				ions of this section is guilty of a
(2) incite, solicit, urge, encour	0		<b>0 1</b>	ist be fined not more than five
procure a person to violate th	<b>e</b>	thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than five years, or		
of this subsection.		both.		
(C) A person violating the provisions of this section is				
guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, must be fined				ommitted on state correctional
not more than five thousand	d dollars or imprisoned	property.		
not more than five years, or b				signs posted on the property of
	The provisions of this section must not be th			of Corrections indicating it is
construed to bar prosecution of other offenses illegal to trespass or loiter on the premises sha				
committed on state correctional property. <u>notice</u>		notice of	<u>the same by the Directo</u>	o <u>r.</u>

• Not cited in an SCDC letter

	DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR POLIC	CE SERVICES I	LAW REPEAL #3		
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and Recommended		Basis for	Approval and	
	Change(s)		Recommendation	Others Impacted	
SECTION 24-3-965.	<u>Current Law</u> :		The statute is being	Association of	
Certain offenses	Generally, cases involving providing		used as a charging	Counties, Solicitors,	
relating to	other than weapons or illegal drugs,		statute as opposed	Public Defenders,	
contraband to be	are heard exclusively in magistrate's	court.	to a jurisdictional	and the judicial	
tried in magistrate's	<u>Recommendation</u>		statute.	system.	
court.	Repeal as it relates to SCDC.				
Current Law Wording			visions to Law Wording		
SECTION 24-3-965	0	SECTION 2	24-3-965. Certain of		
contraband to be	0	contraband		magistrate's court.	
	provisions of Sections 22-3-540, 22-	Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 22-3-540, 22-			
	3-950, and 24-7-155, the offenses of	3-545, 22-3-550, 24-3-950, and 24-7-155, the offenses of			
5	l, other than weapons or illegal drugs,	•	ontraband, other than		
	,		n inmate under the	-	
			<u>Department of Corrections or</u> to an inmate in a county jail, municipal jail, regional detention facility, prison camp,		
regional detention facility, prison camp, work camp, or			0		
overnight lockup facility, and the possession of contraband,		-	, or overnight locku		
-	r illegal drugs, by an inmate under the		f contraband, other that		
-	epartment of Corrections or by an		in inmate under the		
2 1	il, municipal jail, regional detention		of Corrections or by a		
	, work camp, or overnight lockup	jail, municipal jail, regional detention facility, prison camp, work camp, or overnight lockup facility must be			
facility must be tried exclusively in magistrates court. Matters considered contraband within the meaning of this		-	vely in magistrates cour		
local facility manager.		<u>Department of Corrections or</u> by the local facility			
		manager.		,	

- SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (June 20, 2019), Question #27 SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (June 20, 2019), Question #30 •
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D	EPUTY DIRECTOR FOR POL	ICE SE	<b>ERVICES LAW CHANGE</b>	#4
Law	Summary of Current Law(s	) and	Basis for	Approval and Others
	Recommended Change(s)		Recommendation	Impacted
SECTION 24-3-950.	<u>Current Law</u> :		The statute is being	N/A.
Contraband	Generally, cases involving		used as a charging	
	providing contraband, othe		statute as opposed	
	than weapons or illegal dru		to a jurisdictional	
	an inmate are heard exclusion	ively	statute.	
	in magistrate's court.			
	Recommendation			
	Modify statute to reflect			
	jurisdictional nature of stat	ute.		
Current Law Wording	•••	Prop	osed Revisions to Law V	Vording
SECTION 24-3-950. Contraba	and.	SECT	<b>ION 24-3-950.</b> Contrat	band.
It shall be unlawful for any p to furnish any prisoner und Department of Corrections w the director to be contraband any prisoner under the jurisd Corrections to possess any contraband. Matters conside meaning of this section s determined to be such by the him in a conspicuous place inmates at each corrections violating the provisions of the guilty of a felony and, upon co by a fine of not less than one than ten thousand dollars or than one year nor more than ten	Pr         and.         Derson to furnish or attempt         der the jurisdiction of the         dur the jurisdiction of the         with any matter declared by         d. It shall also be unlawful for         diction of the Department of         tered contraband within the         shall be those which are         e director and published by         tered conviction, shall be deemed         this section shall be deemed         this section shall be punished         e thousand dollars nor more         r imprisonment for not less         ten years, or both.		sh any prisoner un rtment of Corrections v tor to be contraband, ommunication devices, also be unlawful for any e Department of Corre- red to be contraband, ommunication devices ers considered contraba- on shall be those which lirector and published able to visitors and ution. Any person vice on shall be deemed g iction, shall be punished sond dollars nor more isonment for not less the s, or both. <u>Any person e</u> ections while violating be deemed guilty of a fe unished by a fine of not pore than ten thousand	berson to furnish or attempt to der the jurisdiction of the vith any matter declared by the including, but not limited to, weapons, or illegal drugs. It prisoner under the jurisdiction ections to possess any matter including, but not limited to, , weapons, or illegal drugs. and within the meaning of this a re determined to be such by by him in a conspicuous place inmates at each correctional plating the provisions of this guilty of a felony and, upon d by a fine of not less than one than ten thousand dollars or an one year nor more than ten employed by the Department of the provisions of this section lony and, upon conviction, shall less than five thousand dollars dollars or imprisonment for not e than ten years, or both.

• <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (June 20, 2019)</u>, Question #27

# Programs, Reentry, and Rehabilitative Services

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR PR	OCRAMS REENTRY	AND REHABILITATIV	VE SERVICES I AW CHAN	CF #1
Law	Summary of Current		Basis for	Approval
	Recommended Char		Recommendation	and Others
			Recommendation	Impacted
SECTION 24-13-230. Reduction of	Current Law:		Provide incentives, in	DPPPS
sentence for productive duty	Reduction in inmate	's contonco for	the form of	DEELS
assignment or participation in	working or participa		participation credits,	
academic, technical, or vocational	technical, or vocatio		for those who actively	
training program.	programs.	nai training	and effectively	
	programs.		participate in	
	Recommendation		programs.	
	Modify to include va	lidated	Participation credits	
	-	amming to reduce an	will function like work,	
	inmate's sentence.	anning to reduce an	education, and/or	
	minute 5 sentence.		vocational training	
			credits.	
Current Law Wording		Proposed Revisions t		
	of sentence for		D. Reduction of sentence for	or productive
productive duty assignment or partic			participation in academic,	
technical, or vocational training prog	-	vocational training		<u>C validated</u>
(A) The Director of the Department		rehabilitative progra		
allow an inmate sentenced to t	5	1 0	e Department of Correction	ons may allow
department, except an inmate convi	-		d to the custody of the	-
offense" as defined in Section 24-13-	-	except an inmate convicted of a "no parole offense" as		
to a productive duty assignment, incl		defined in Section 24-13-100, who is assigned to a		
is serving time in a local facility purs		productive duty assignment, including an inmate who is		
facility agreement authorized	by Section 24-3-	serving time in a local facility pursuant to a designated		
20 or Section 24-3-30 or who is reg	gularly enrolled and	facility agreement au	thorized by Section 24-3-	20 or Section
actively participating in an acad			is regularly enrolled	•
vocational training program, a reduct			academic, technical, o	
his sentence of zero to one day for e			or SCDC validated	
employed or enrolled. A maximum a			action from the term of hi	
work credit and education credit	is limited to one		r every two days he is	
hundred eighty days.			n annual credit for both	-
(B) The Director of the Department		1 0	d education credit is lin	nited to one
allow an inmate sentenced to t	Ū.	hundred eighty days.		na may allow
department serving a sentence for a as defined in <u>Section 24-13-100</u> , w			e Department of Correction	-
productive duty assignment, including	0	an inmate sentenced to the custody of the department serving a sentence for a "no parole offense" as defined in		
serving time in a local facility pursu	0	Section 24-13-100, who is assigned to a productive duty		
facility agreement authorized	by <u>Section 24-3-</u>	assignment, including an inmate who is serving time in a		
<u>20</u> or <u>Section 24-3-30</u> or who is reg	-	local facility pursuant to a designated facility agreement		
actively participating in an acad				
vocational training program, a reduct				
his sentence of six days for every m	0 1	nal training program, or SC		
or enrolled. However, no prisoner se				
life imprisonment or a mandatory		1 0	s for every month he is	
imprisonment for thirty years pursu	ant to Section 16-3-	enrolled. However, r	no prisoner serving a sen	tence for life
20 is entitled to credits under this pr		-	a mandatory minimum	
convicted of a "no parole offense" is e			irty years pursuant to Sec	
below the minimum term of inca	-		ts under this provision.	-
in <u>Section 24-13-125</u> or <u>24-13-150</u> .	A maximum annual	-	arole offense" is entitled t	
		below the minimun	n term of incarceration	provided in

credit for both work credit and education credit is limited	Section 24-13-125 or 24-13-150. A maximum annual credit
to seventy-two days.	for <del>both</del> work credit, <u>program credit</u> , and education credit is
(C) No credits earned pursuant to this section may be	limited to seventy-two days.
applied in a manner which would prevent full	(C) No credits earned pursuant to this section may be
participation in the Department of Probation, Parole and	applied in a manner which would prevent full participation
Pardon Services' prerelease or community supervision	in the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services'
program as provided in <u>Section 24-21-560</u> .	prerelease or community supervision program as provided
(D) The amount of credit to be earned for each duty	in <u>Section 24-21-560</u> .
classification or enrollment must be determined by the	(D) The amount of credit to be earned for each duty
director and published by him in a conspicuous place	classification or enrollment must be determined by the
available to inmates at each correctional institution. If a	director and published by him in a conspicuous place
prisoner commits an offense or violates one of the rules of	available to inmates at each correctional institution. If a
the institution during his term of imprisonment, all or	prisoner commits an offense or violates one of the rules of
part of the work credit or education credit he has earned	the institution during his term of imprisonment, all or part
may be forfeited in the discretion of the Director of the	of the work credit, <u>program credit</u> , or education credit he has
Department of Corrections.	earned may be forfeited in the discretion of the Director of
(E) The official in charge of a local detention facility must	the Department of Corrections.
allow an inmate sentenced to the custody of the facility	(E) The official in charge of a local detention facility must
who is assigned to a mandatory productive duty	allow an inmate sentenced to the custody of the facility who
assignment a reduction from the term of his sentence of	is assigned to a mandatory productive duty assignment a
zero to one day for every two days so employed. The	reduction from the term of his sentence of zero to one day
amount of credit to be earned for each duty classification	for every two days so employed. The amount of credit to be
must be determined by the official in charge of the local	earned for each duty classification must be determined by
detention facility and published by him in a conspicuous	the official in charge of the local detention facility and
place available to inmates.	published by him in a conspicuous place available to
(F)(1) An individual is eligible for the educational credits	inmates.
provided for in this section only upon successful	(F)(1) An individual is eligible for the educational credits
participation in an academic, technical, or vocational	provided for in this section only upon successful
training program.	participation in an academic, technical, or vocational
(2) The educational credit provided for in this section, is	training program.
not available to any individual convicted of a violent crime	(2) The educational credit provided for in this section, is not
as defined in <u>Section 16-1-60</u> .	available to any individual convicted of a violent crime as
(G) The South Carolina Department of Corrections may	defined in <u>Section 16-1-60</u> .
not pay any tuition for college courses.	(G) The South Carolina Department of Corrections may not
not pay any tunion for concercourses.	pay any tuition for college courses.
	pay any tation for conege courses.

- <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (April 29, 2019)</u>, Question #25
- <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (April 29, 2019)</u>, Question #42
- <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (April 29, 2019)</u>, Question #44
- <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (May 24, 2019)</u>, Question #39
- <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (May 24, 2019)</u>, Question #61
- <u>SCDC response to Subcommittee (July 26, 2019)</u>, Question #1

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR PROGRA	MS, REENTRY, AND REHABII	LITATIVE SERVICES	LAW CHANGE #2
Law	Summary of Current	Basis for	Approval and
	Law(s) and Recommended	Recommendation	Others Impacted
	Change(s)		
Section 24-13-1310	<u>Current Law</u> :	Shock incarceration	DPPPS
Definitions	Program of Shock	recidivism rate is	
	Incarceration to deter	higher than other	
24-13-1320	"High Risk" individuals	programs provided,	
Regulations; reports.	from committing future	such as YOA.	
24 12 1220	offenses.		
24-13-1330	Decommendation		
Court ordered participation; department evaluation and notification of	<u>Recommendation</u> Replace or reform the		
unsuitability; inmate's agreement to	Shock Incarceration		
terms and conditions; effect of	program with an		
completion; participation is a privilege.	evaluation for the courts.		
Current Law Wording	evaluation for the courts.		Proposed Revisions to
Current Law Wording			Law Wording
<b>24-13-1310.</b> Definitions.			Concept
As used in this article:			Recommendation:
(1) "Eligible inmate" means a person c	ommitted to the South Caro	lina Department of	
Corrections:		- I	It is suggested that
(a) who has not reached the age of thirty y	ears at the time of admission t	o the department;	consideration be given
(b) who is eligible for release on parole in		1 ,	to replacing the Shock
(c) who has not been convicted of a violent		<u>-1-60</u> or a "no parole	Incarceration Program
offense" as defined in <u>Section 24-13-100</u> ;			with an evaluation
(d) who has not been incarcerated previou	sly in a state correctional facil	ity or has not served	process that would
a sentence previously in a shock incarcera			provide the Court with
(e) who physically is able to participate in			information to assist in
(2) "Shock incarceration program" means		0	determining whether
ordered by the court to participate in the			an intensive level of
facility, which provides rigorous physical a	ctivity, intensive regimentatio	n, and discipline and	supervision with
rehabilitation therapy and programming.			prescribed services
(3) "Director" means the Director of the De	epartment of Corrections.		may provide a more
			productive outcome
<b>24-13-1320.</b> Regulations; reports.			than incarceration.
(A) The director of the department, guided	5	5	
and the welfare of the inmate, shall promul		-	
in the Administrative Procedures Act, for must reflect the purpose of the program an		0	
inmate discipline, programming and super			
(B) A program may be established only at			
incarceration facility.			
(C) The department shall undertake studie			
a program and on whether the programma			
	<i>`</i>		
24-13-1330. Court ordered participation	on; department evaluation	and notification of	
unsuitability; inmate's agreement to terms	and conditions; effect of comp	oletion; participation	
is a privilege.			
(A) A court may order that an "eligible i			
Program". If an "eligible inmate" is senten		n Program" he must	
be transferred to the custody of the depart			
(B) The department must evaluate the inm		inmate is physically,	
psychologically, and emotionally able to pa	irticipate in this program.		

(C) The director shall notify the court within fifteen working days if the inmate is physically, psychologically, or emotionally unsuitable for participation in the "Shock Incarceration Program". An unsuitable inmate must be returned to court for sentencing to another term as provided by law.

(D) An applicant may not participate in a program unless he agrees to be bound by all of its terms and conditions and indicates this agreement by signing the following:

"I accept the foregoing program and agree to be bound by its terms and conditions. I understand that my participation in the program is a privilege that may be revoked at the sole discretion of the director. I understand that I shall complete the entire program successfully to obtain a certificate of earned eligibility upon the completion of the program, and if I do not complete the program successfully, for any reason, I will be transferred to a nonshock incarceration correctional facility to continue service of my sentence."

Before an inmate may be released on parole, the inmate must agree in writing to be subject to search or seizure, without a search warrant, with or without cause, of the inmate's person, any vehicle the inmate owns or is driving, and any of the inmate's possessions by:

(1) any probation agent employed by the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services; or

(2) any other law enforcement officer.

A shock incarceration inmate may not be granted parole release by the department if he fails to comply with this provision. However, a shock incarceration inmate who was convicted of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to a Class C misdemeanor or an unclassified misdemeanor that carries a term of imprisonment of not more than one year may not include the requirement that the offender agree to be subject to search or seizure, without a search warrant, with or without cause, of the shock incarceration inmate's person, any vehicle the shock incarceration inmate owns or is driving, or any of the shock incarceration inmate's possessions.

Immediately before each search or seizure pursuant to this section, the law enforcement officer seeking to conduct the search or seizure must verify with the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services or by any other means available to the officer that the individual upon whom the search or seizure will be conducted is currently on parole. A law enforcement officer conducting a search or seizure without a warrant pursuant to this section shall report to the law enforcement agency that employs him all of these searches or seizures, which shall include the name, address, age, gender, and race or ethnicity of the person that is the subject of the search or seizure. The law enforcement agency shall submit this information at the end of each month to the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services for review of abuse. A finding of abuse of the use of searches or seizures without a search warrant must be reported by the Department of Probation. If the law enforcement officer fails to report each search or seizure pursuant to this section, he is subject to discipline pursuant to the employing agency's policies and procedures.

(E) An inmate who has completed a shock incarceration program successfully is eligible to receive a certificate of earned eligibility and must be granted parole release if the inmate has executed the agreements described in subsection (D) of this section. The conditions of parole must include the requirement that the parolee must permit the search or seizure, without a search warrant, with or without cause, of the parolee's person, any vehicle the parolee owns or is driving, and any of the parolee's possessions by:

(1) any probation agent employed by the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services; or

(2) any other law enforcement officer.

However, the conditions of parole of a parolee who was convicted of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to a Class C misdemeanor or an unclassified misdemeanor that carries a term of imprisonment of not more than one year may not include the requirement that the parolee

agree to be subject to search or seizure, without a search warrant, with or without cause, of the parolee's person, any vehicle the parolee owns or is driving, or any of the parolee's possessions.

By enacting this provision, the General Assembly intends to provide law enforcement with a means of reducing recidivism and does not authorize law enforcement officers to conduct searches for the sole purpose of harassment. Immediately before each search or seizure pursuant to this section, the law enforcement officer seeking to conduct the search or seizure must verify with the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services or by any other means available to the officer that the individual upon whom the search or seizure will be conducted is currently on parole. A law enforcement officer conducting a search or seizure without a warrant pursuant to this section shall report to the law enforcement agency that employs him all of these searches or seizures, which shall include the name, address, age, gender, and race or ethnicity of the person that is the subject of the search or seizure. The law enforcement agency shall submit this information at the end of each month to the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services for review of abuse. A finding of abuse of the use of searches or seizures without a search warrant must be reported by the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services to the State Law Enforcement Division for investigation. If the law enforcement officer fails to report each search or seizure pursuant to this section, he is subject to discipline pursuant to the employing agency's policies and procedures.

(F) Participation in a shock incarceration program is a privilege. Nothing contained in this article confers upon an inmate the right to participate or continue to participate in a program.

#### **Reference**

• <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (June 20, 2019)</u>, Question #10

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR PROGRAMS, REENTRY, AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES LAW CHANGE #3				GE #3
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and Recommended Change(s)		Basis for Recommendation	Approval and Others Impacted
<b>SECTION 24-1-260.</b> Use of fees collected in clinical pastoral training program.	<u>Current Law</u> : Authorizes SCDC to retain fees associated with the pastoral training program. <u>Recommendation</u> Repeal statute.		SCDC no longer uses this program.	N/A
Current Law Wording		Proposed Revisions to Law Wording		
SECTION 24-1-260. Use of fees collected in clinical pastoral training program.		Repeal statute.		
The Department of Corrections is hereby authorized to retain all fees collected in connection with the clinical pastoral training program conducted by the department for use in the continued operation of that program.				

• <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (April 29, 2019)</u>, Question #42

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR PROGRAMS, REENTRY, AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES CONCEPT #4				
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and Recommended Change(s)	Basis for Recommendation	Approval and Others Impacted	
<b>Section 24-19-5, et al</b> . Judge William R. Byars Youthful Offender Act	<u>Current Law</u> : Outlines sentencing guidelines for defendants determined to be a youthful offender. <u>Recommendation</u> Concept Recommendation	Move to provide young adults with individualized developmentally appropriate services that convey human dignity and provide accountability, competency development, and community safety.	N/A.	
Current Law Wording	Proposed Revisions to Law Wor	ding		
Section 24-19-5, et al.	<ul> <li>rehabilitation and reentry set</li> <li>Clarify sentence timeframes Baxter v. Myers.</li> <li>Examine the current R&amp;E p Rehabilitation to provide providing evaluation service</li> <li>Reduce the maximum term of 5 years.</li> <li>Eliminate multiple Youthful of if result of continuous incide</li> <li>Eliminate dual sentences; m Offender at the same time fo</li> <li>Allow SCDC authority to issue</li> </ul>	s for suspended sentences that a process and explore partnership evaluation services. Also, consid- es in the community, rather than a of indeterminate sentence for Yout Offender convictions; may have mo ent. may not be sentenced as an adu r separate incidents.	re activated, i.e., with Vocational der potential of t R&E. hful Offenders to ore than one only ult and Youthful	

• <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (June 20, 2019)</u>, Question #6

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR PROGRAMS, REENTRY, AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES CONCEPT #5				
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and		Basis for	Approval and Others
	Recommend	ded Change(s)	Recommendation	Impacted
Section 24-25-10. Palmetto	Current Lav	<u>v</u> :	This would equalize	N/A.
Unified School District No. 1	Establishes	PUSD	representation in	
established.			oversight since	
	Recommend	<u>dation</u>	SCDC has schools	
	Appoint boa	ard members to	state-wide agency.	
	PUSD.			
Current Law Wording		Proposed Revisions	to Law Wording	
Section 24-25-10. Palmet	tto Unified	Concept Recommend	dation:	
School District No. 1 establish	ed.			
PL		PUSD would welcome greater diversity among board members. Should the		
		General Assembly appoint board members by region, we would recommend		y region, we would recommend
		at least one but no more than two members from each of the following		
		regions:		
		• <u>Pee Dee</u> : Lee, Evans, Turbeville, Palmer, Kershaw, Wateree;		
	<u>Midlands</u> : Camille Graham, Broad River, Kirkland, Goodman, Manni			Kirkland, Goodman, Manning;
		• <u>Upstate</u> : Livesay, Perry, Tyger River;		
		• Low country: MacDougall, Lieber, Allendale, Ridgeland;		
		• <u>West</u> : McCormick, Trenton, Leath; and,		
		• Two at-large members appointed by the Governor		

• <u>SCDC response to Subcommittee (August 22, 2019)</u>, Question #10

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR PROGRAMS, REENTRY, AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES CONCEPT #6				
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and		Basis for	Approval and Others
	Recommended Ch	nange(s)	Recommendation	Impacted
S.C. Code Title 38 Insurance	Current Law:		Current insurance laws	N/A.
	Insurance laws.		make it difficult for	
			inmates to get CDL jobs	
	Recommendation	<u> </u>	after incarceration due	
	Change insurance laws for CDL		to them being classified	
	holding inmates.		as "negligent hiring".	
Current Law Wording Proposed Revi		sions to Law Wording		
Insurance laws.		Concept Recommendation:		
			luate insurance laws to consider amending so that a person's	
			l history would not prohibit employment if not related to	
		driving or drug trafficking offenses.		

• <u>SCDC response to Subcommittee (August 22, 2019)</u>, Question #23

DEPUTY DIRECT	DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR PROGRAMS, REENTRY, AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES CONCEPT #7			
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and Recommended Change(s)	Basis for Recommendation	Approval and Others Impacted	
<b>38 CFR §21.276</b> . Incarcerated Veterans, and the M28R (Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment Service Manual) Part V, Section D, Chapter 3.	<u>Current Law</u> : <u>Recommendation</u> Recommend changes to veteran rights.	Due to the complexity, time constraints, and obstacles that are associated with completing federal or state applications for returning citizens, the process can be intimidating. Increased barriers, such as obtaining necessary documentation, also increases the probability of incomplete applications.	N/A.	
Current Law Wording		Proposed Revisions to Law Wording		
<b>38 CFR §21.276.</b> Incarcerated Veterans, and the M28R (Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment Service Manual) Part V, Section D, Chapter 3.		Concept Recommendation: SCDC recommends that qualified discharge planners are allowed to continue assisting in filing applications, which will help streamline the process and ensure paperwork is completed prior to release. This process will promote positive reintegration back into society.		

• <u>SCDC response to Subcommittee (October 29, 2019)</u>, Question #1

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR PROGRAM	S, REENTRY, AND REHABIL	<b>TATIVE SERVICES CONC</b>	EPT #8		
Law	Summary of Current	Basis for	Approval		
	Law(s) and	Recommendation	and Others		
	Recommended Change(s)		Impacted		
SECTION 24-19-60.	Current Law	SCDC and SCVR do not	SCVR		
Institutions for treatment of youthful	SCDC may maintain a	maintain a cooperative			
offenders.	cooperative relationship	agreement involving the			
SECTION 34 40 00	with the Department of	operation of the SCDC			
SECTION 24-19-80.	Vocational Rehabilitation.	Reception and Evaluation Center for the			
Reception and evaluation centers.	Recommendation	purpose of providing			
SECTION 24-19-90.	Repeal the statute.	evaluations/services for			
Director's options upon receiving report and	Repear the statute.	Youthful Offenders.			
recommendations from Reception and		routinui offenders.			
Evaluation Center and members of Division.					
Current Law Wording	L		Proposed		
			Revisions to		
			Law Wording		
SECTION 24-19-60. Institutions for treatment	t of youthful offenders.		Repeal the		
Youthful offenders shall undergo treatment	in minimum security institu	tions, including training	statute.		
schools, hospitals, farms, forestry and other ca	amps, including vocational tra	aining facilities and other			
institutions and agencies that will provide the					
The director, as far as is advisable and neces					
and agencies under the control of the depart					
the objectives of this chapter. The director n	-				
Department of Vocational Rehabilitation invol					
utilizing funds and staffing services of the department which are appropriate for matching with					
Federal Vocational Rehabilitation funds.					
Insofar as practical and to the greatest degree possible, such institutions, facilities and agencies shall					
be used only for the treatment of committed youthful offenders, and such youthful offenders shall be segregated from other offenders, and classes of committed youthful offenders shall be segregated					
according to their needs for treatment.	of committee youthful offer	lucis shall be segregated			
SECTION 24-19-80. Reception and evaluation	1 centers				
The director may establish agreements with		al Rehabilitation for the			
operation of reception and evaluation center	-				
complete study of each committed youthful o	-				
to ascertain his personal traits, his capabilities	s, pertinent circumstances of I	his school, family life, any			
previous delinquency or criminal experience	e, and any mental or physic	al defect or other factor			
contributing to his delinquency. In the absence of exceptional circumstances, such study shall be					
	completed within a period of thirty days. The reception and evaluation center shall forward to the				
director and to the division a report of its findings with respect to the youthful offender and its					
recommendations as to his treatment. At least one member of the division shall, as soon as					
practicable after commitment, interview the youthful offender, review all reports concerning him					
and make such recommendations to the director and to the division as may be indicated.					
<b>SECTION 24-19-90.</b> Director's options upon receiving report and recommendations from Reception and Evaluation Center and members of Division.					
On receipt of the report and recommendations from the Reception and Evaluation Center and from					
the members of the division, the director may:					
(a) recommend to the division that the committed youthful offender be released conditionally under					
supervision; or					
(b) allocate and direct the transfer of the committed youthful offender to an agency or institution for					
treatment; or					
(c) order the committed youthful offender confined and afforded treatment under such conditions					
as he believes best designed for the protection	n of the public.				

• Not cited in an SCDC letter

DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR PROGRAMS, REENTRY, AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES CONCEPT #9				
Law	Summary of Current Law(s) and	Basis for	Approval and	
	Recommended Change(s)	Recommendation	Others	
			Impacted	
SECTION 24-19-140.	<u>Current Law</u>	SCDC does not		
Supervisory agents.	The division may use volunteer	recommend the		
	supervisory agents and sponsors to	formation of		
	supervise released youthful	voluntary		
	offenders.	organizations to		
		serve as		
	Recommendation	supervisors for		
	Repeal the statute.	Youthful		
		Offenders.		
Current Law Wording		Proposed Revision	s to Law	
Ŭ		Wording		
SECTION 24-19-140. Supervisory agents.		Repeal the statute.		
Committed youthful offenders	permitted to remain at liberty under			
supervision or conditionally re	eleased shall be under the supervision			
of supervisory agents appoint				
authorized to encourage the				
composed of members who				
voluntary supervisory agents				
of voluntary supervisory ager				
defined by regulations adopte				

• <u>SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (April 29, 2019)</u>, Question #47

Some laws previously referenced or recommended for changes are not included in this document. SCDC rescinds those recommendations at this time. SCDC will update as needed.

Section 24-19-110 (B) referenced in SCDC reponse to Subcommittee (April 29, 2019), Question #47.

S.C. Code Section 24-13-1540, et al, referenced in Operations presentation.